

# SÉMANTIQUE MÉCANISÉE, COMPILATION VÉRIFIÉE ET COMPILATION CERTIFIANTE POUR LUSTRE

SÉMINAIRE SCALP

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20 mai 2021

<sup>1</sup>ISAE-SUPAERO – DISC – IpSC

## CONTEXTE

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## Systemes embarqués

- systèmes informatiques au sein de systèmes physiques interagissant avec le monde réel, souvent sous des contraintes temps-réel
- logiciels habituellement développés avec des langages bas niveau : C, Ada, Assembleur



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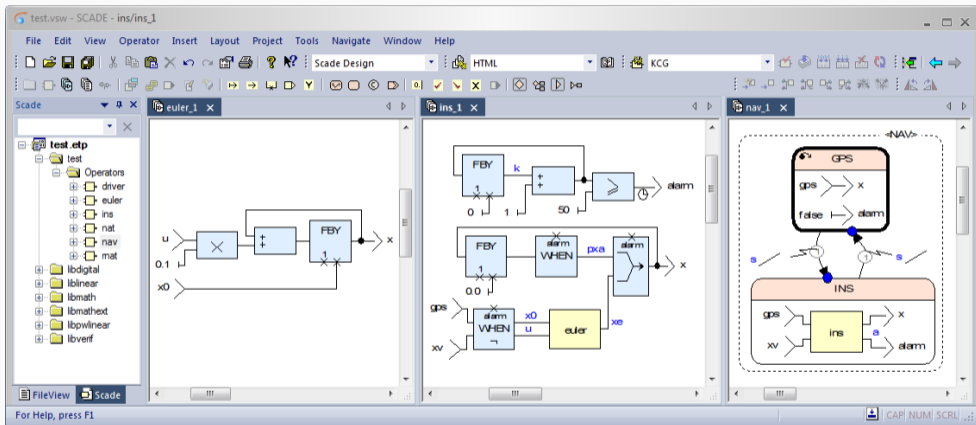
### Model-Based Design

Spécifications abstraites de haut niveau  
exécutables



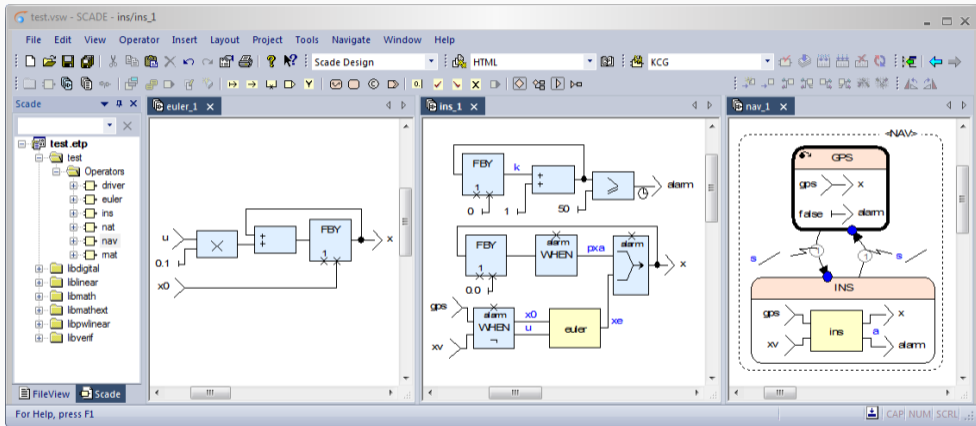
## MODEL-BASED DESIGN DANS SCADE SUITE

[www.ansys.com/products/embedded-software/ansys-scade-suite](http://www.ansys.com/products/embedded-software/ansys-scade-suite)



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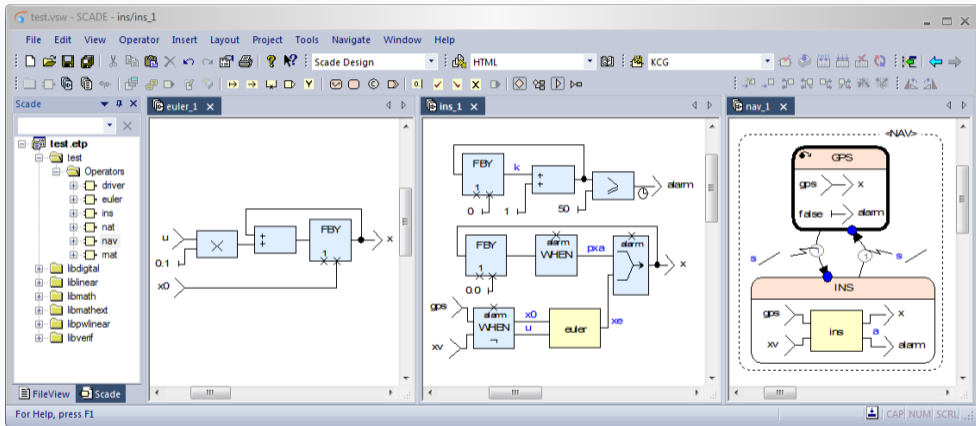


bloc / nœud = système

ligne = signal

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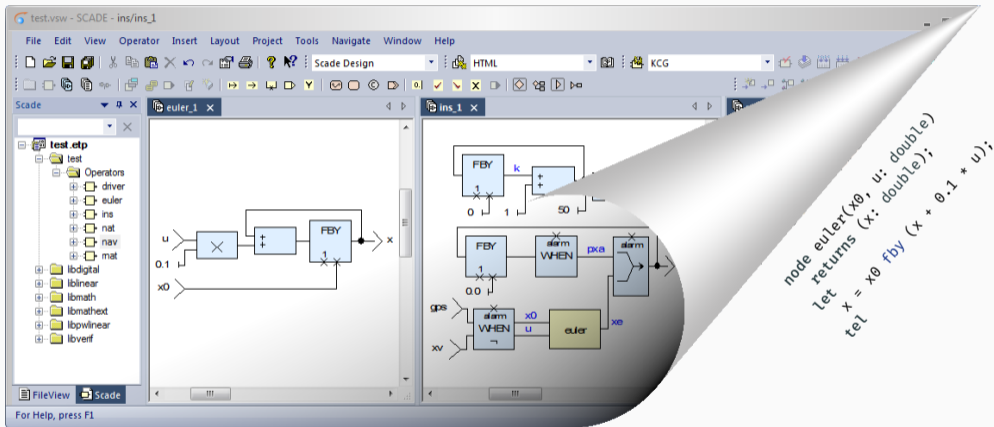


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ligne = signal = flot de valeurs

# MODEL-BASED DESIGN DANS SCADE SUITE

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# MODEL-BASED DESIGN DANS SCADE SUITE

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The screenshot displays the SCADE Suite environment. On the left, a project tree shows a file named 'test.etp' containing a 'test' folder with sub-folders for 'Operators' (driver, euler, ins, nat, nav, mat) and 'lib' (libdigital, liblinear, libmath, libmathext, libpwnlinear, libverif). The main workspace is divided into two panes. The left pane shows a block diagram with inputs 'u' and 'x0', a multiplier block, an adder block, and an 'FBY' (Feedback) block. The right pane shows a more complex diagram with 'FBY' blocks, 'alarm WHEN' blocks, and an 'euler' block. A callout bubble points from the 'euler' block in the right pane to a code snippet:

```

node euler(x0, u: double)
returns (x: double);
let
  x = x0 fby (x + 0.1 * u);

```

An arrow points from the code to the text 'programme séquentiel (C, Ada, Assembleur)'.

bloc / nœud = système = fonction de flots

ligne = signal = flot de valeurs

programme séquentiel  
(C, Ada, Assembleur)

## Systemes qui ne doivent pas échouer

- Systemes de contrôle de vol
- Systemes ferroviaires automatiques
- Systemes de contrôle de centrales



## Systèmes qui ne doivent pas échouer

- Systèmes de contrôle de vol
- Systèmes ferroviaires automatiques
- Systèmes de contrôle de centrales



État de l'art : **certification industrielle** du processus de développement, parfois avec des *méthodes formelles*, ex. SCADE

Question scientifique : peut-on **mécaniser** les définitions formelles et produire une **preuve de correction bout-à-bout** ?

## Assistant de Preuve

- Outils pour aider la formulation de théorèmes ainsi que le développement et la vérification de leurs preuves
- Mizar, Isabelle, HOL, Coq, ACL2, PVS, Agda, ...



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## Formalisations mécanisées existantes

**seL4** : un micro-noyau vérifié avec Isabelle

**CakeML** : un compilateur vérifié pour un langage fonctionnel avec HOL

### **CompCert** : une étape clef

Formalisation mécanisée avec Coq du langage C et de la preuve de correction de sa compilation vers du code Assembleur.

## Langages pour le Model-Based Design

Scade 6, Lustre



## Assistants de Preuve

Coq

### Défis

1. Mécaniser les sémantiques
2. Prouver la correction des algorithmes de compilation

## Langages pour le Model-Based Design

Scade 6, Lustre



## Assistants de Preuve

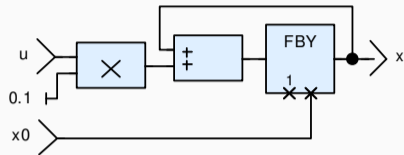
Coq

### Défis

1. Mécaniser les sémantiques
2. Prouver la correction des algorithmes de compilation

**Focus :** réinitialisation modulaire (*modular reset*)

## EXAMPLE

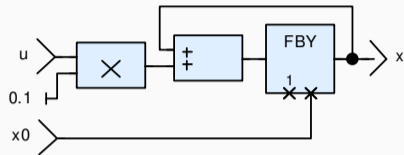


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node euler(x0, u: double)
  returns (x: double);
let
  x = x0 fby (x + 0.1 * u);
tel
```

$x_0$	0.00	1.55	3.62	5.46	...
$u$	15.00	20.00	17.00	12.00	...
<hr/>					
$x + 0.1 \times u$	1.50	3.50	5.20	6.70	...
$x$	0.00	1.50	3.50	5.20	...



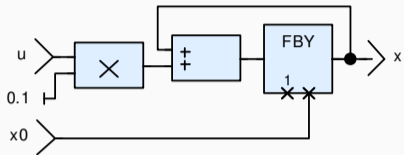
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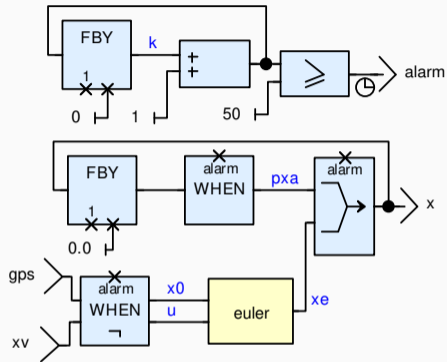
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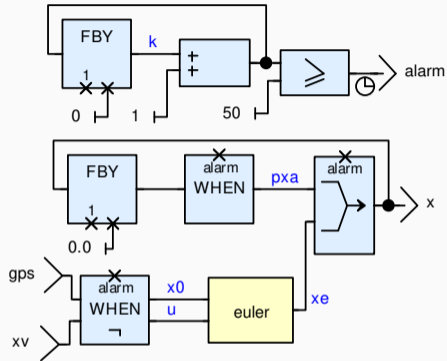
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  returns (x: double, alarm: bool)
  var pxa, xe: double; k: int;
let
  k = 0 fby (k + 1);
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  xe = euler((gps, xv) when not alarm);
  pxa = (0. fby x) when alarm;
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```

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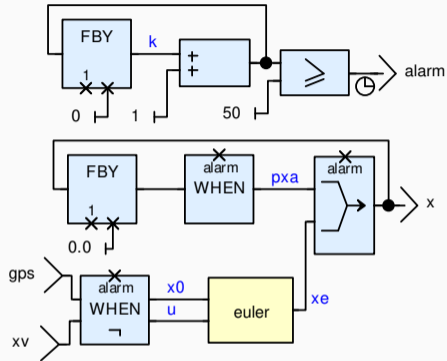
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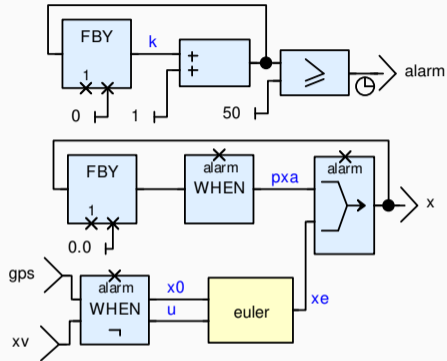
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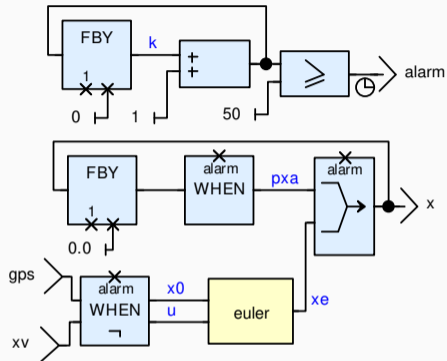
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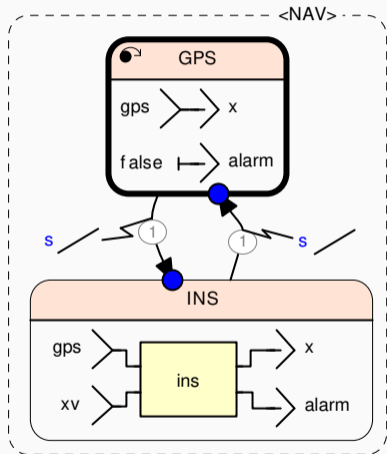
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## EXAMPLE



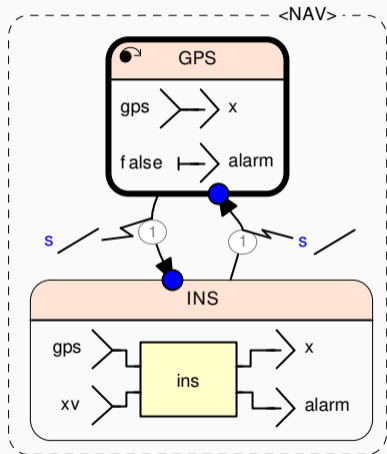
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  (x, alarm) = merge c
    (gps when c, false)
    ((restart ins every r)
      ((gps, xv) whennot c));
  c = true fby (merge c (not s when c)
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tel

```



## EXEMPLE

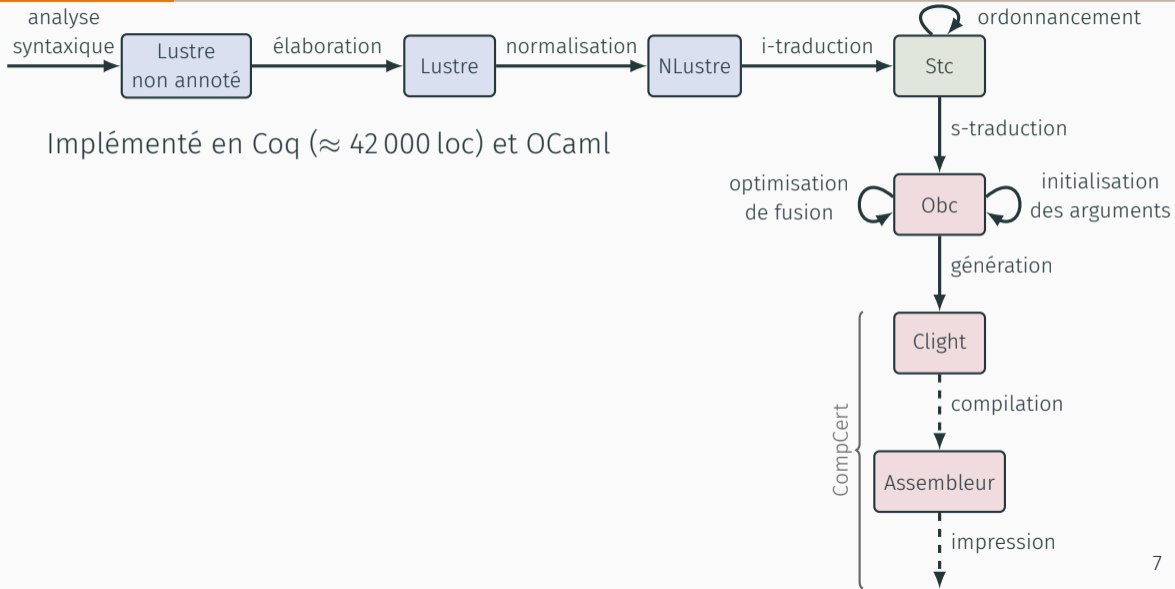


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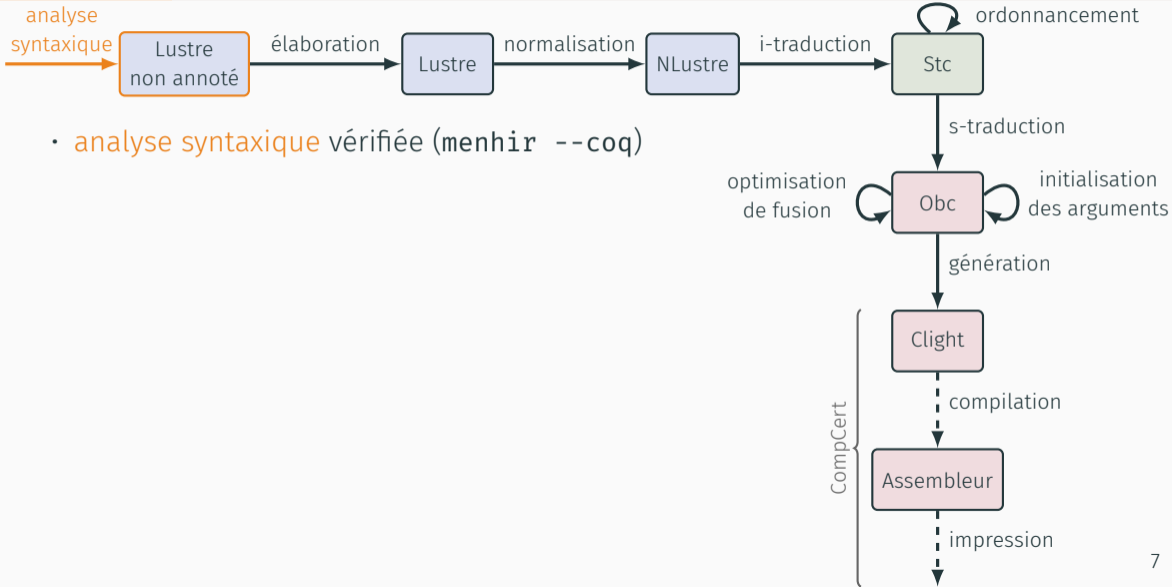
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```

Il faut un moyen de réinitialiser l'état d'un nœud

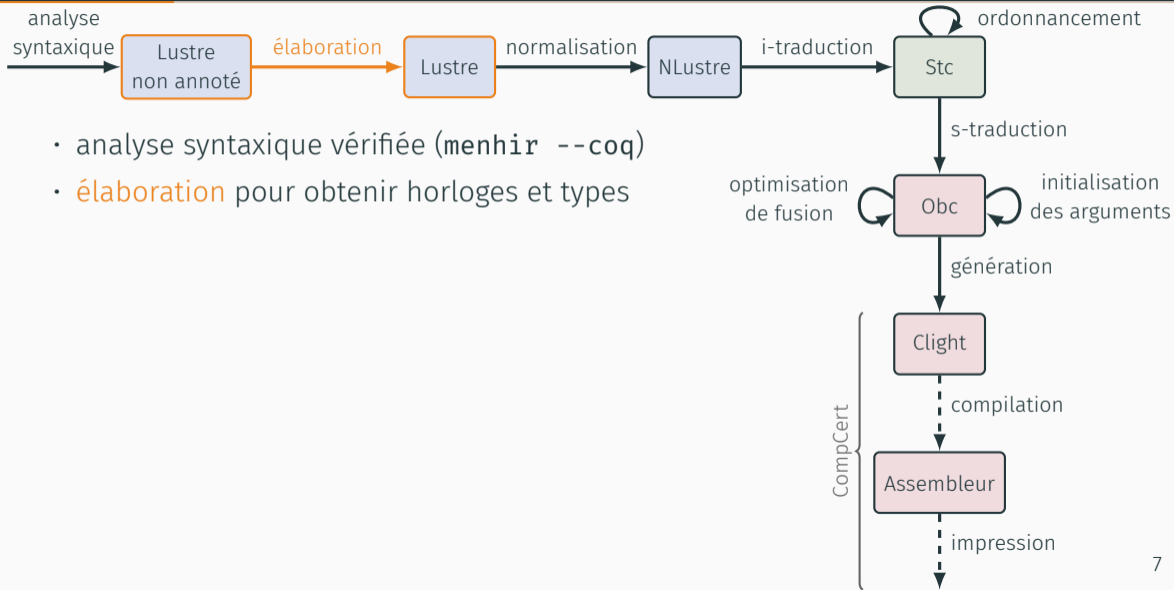


# VÉLUS : UN COMPILATEUR LUSTRE VÉRIFIÉ

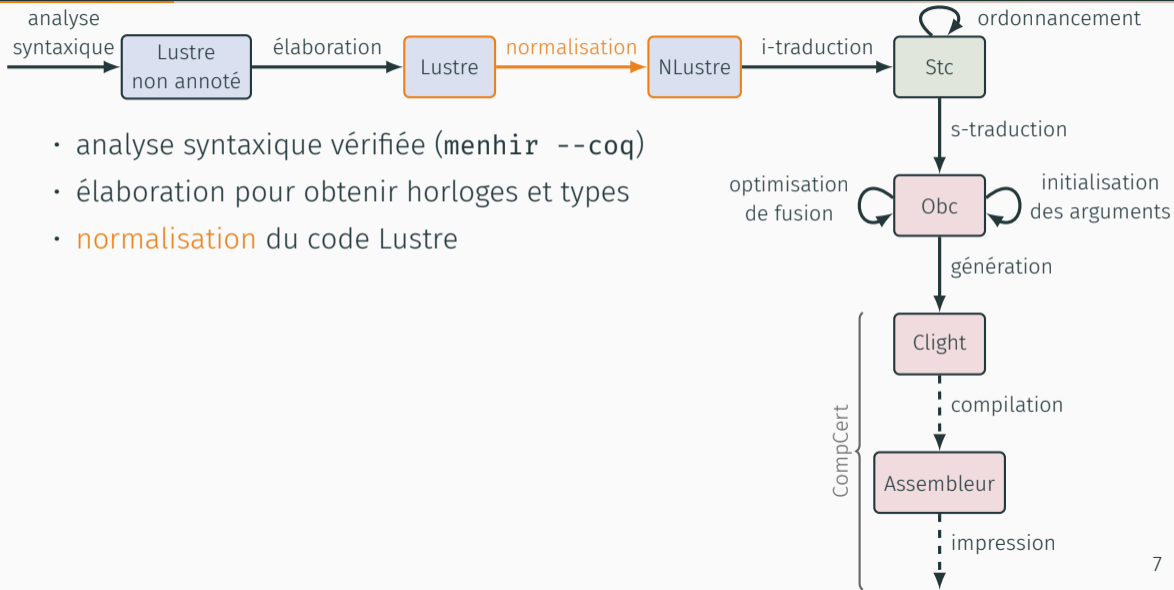


- analyse syntaxique vérifiée (`menhir --coq`)

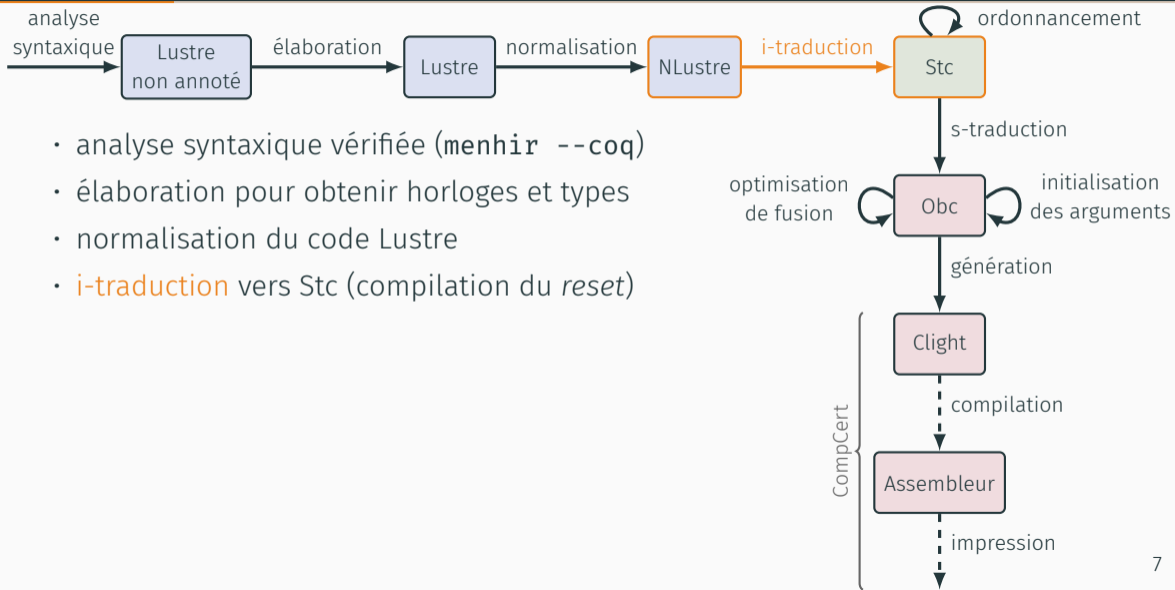
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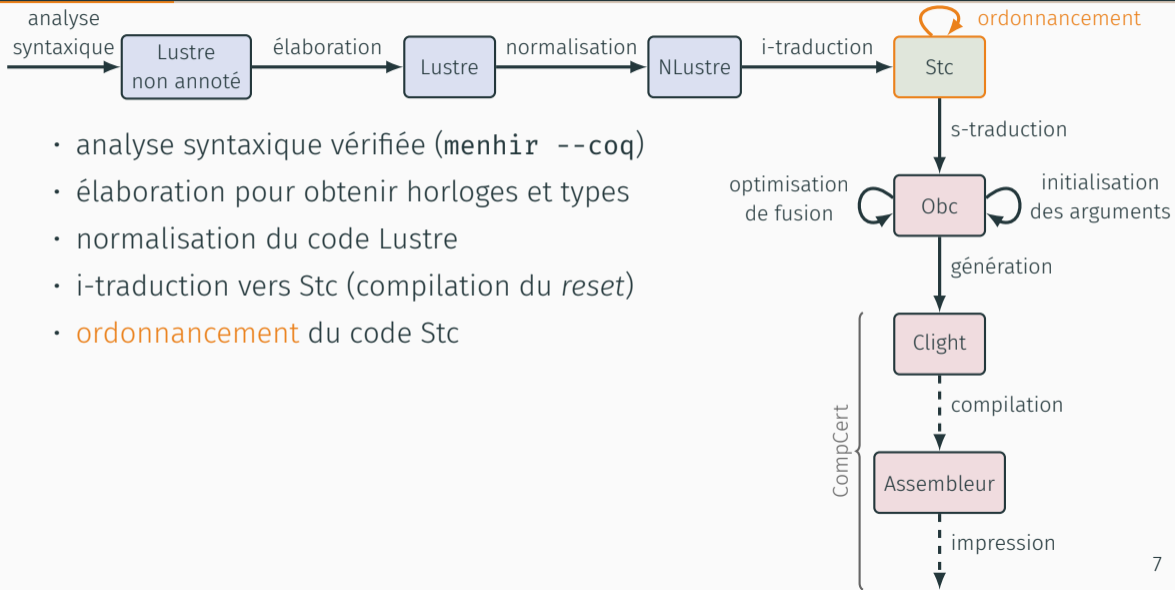
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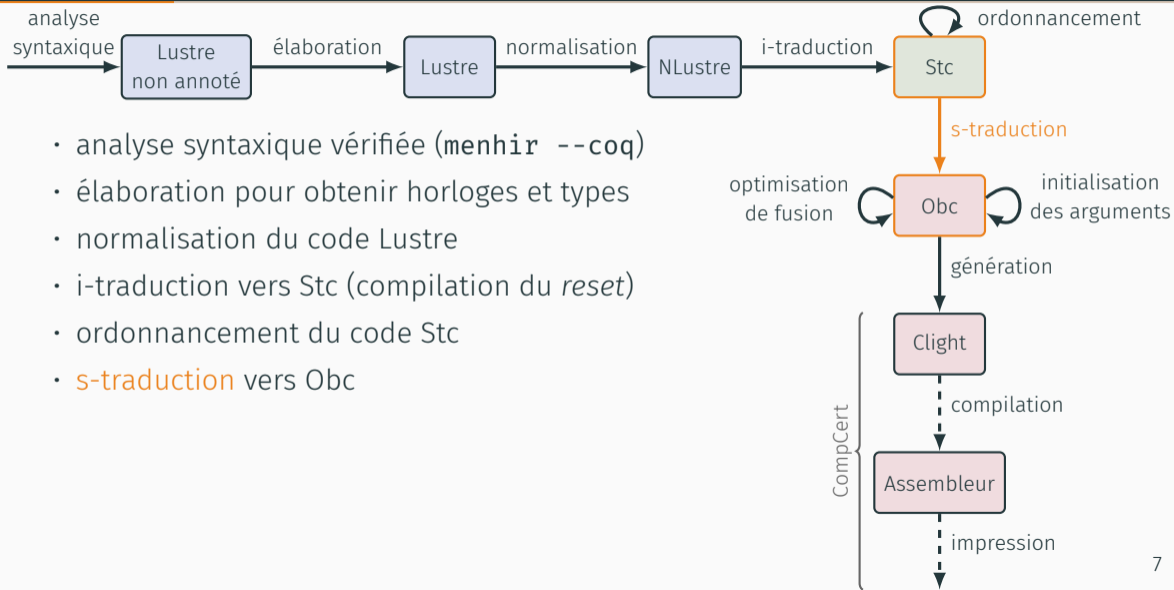


# VÉLUS : UN COMPILATEUR LUSTRE VÉRIFIÉ



- analyse syntaxique vérifiée (`menhir --coq`)
- élaboration pour obtenir horloges et types
- normalisation du code Lustre
- i-traduction vers Stc (compilation du *reset*)
- **ordonnancement** du code Stc

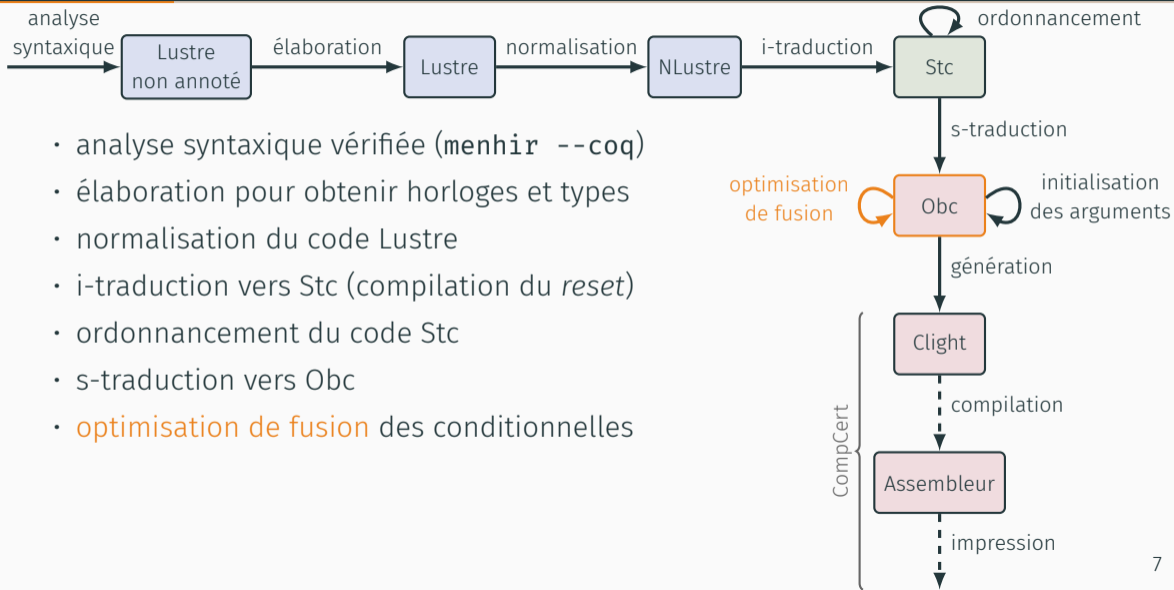
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- **s-traduction** vers Obc

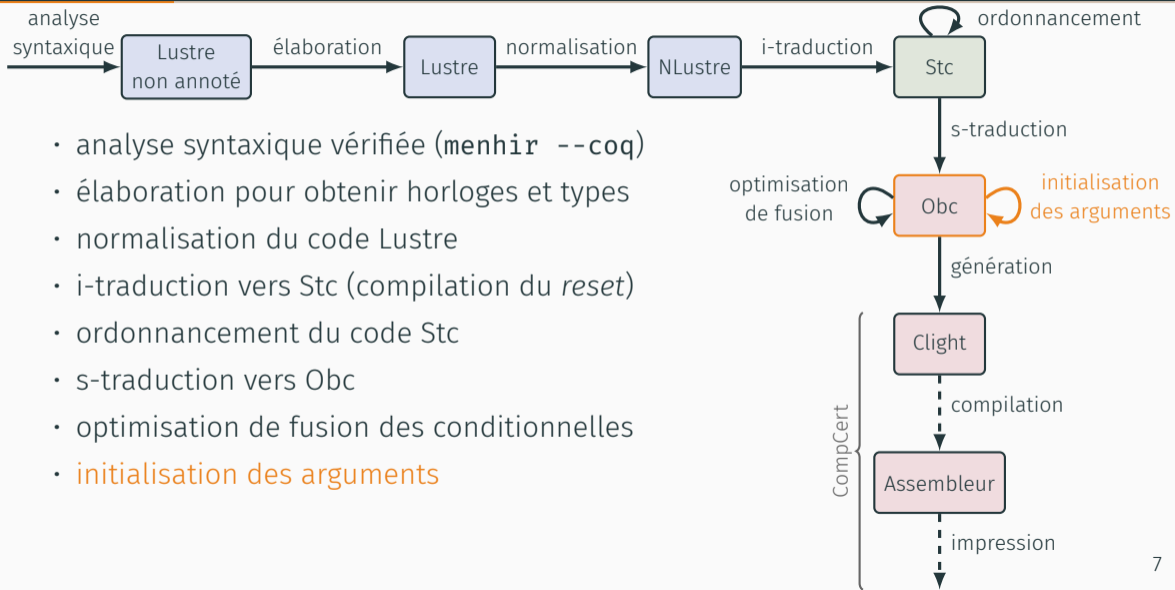


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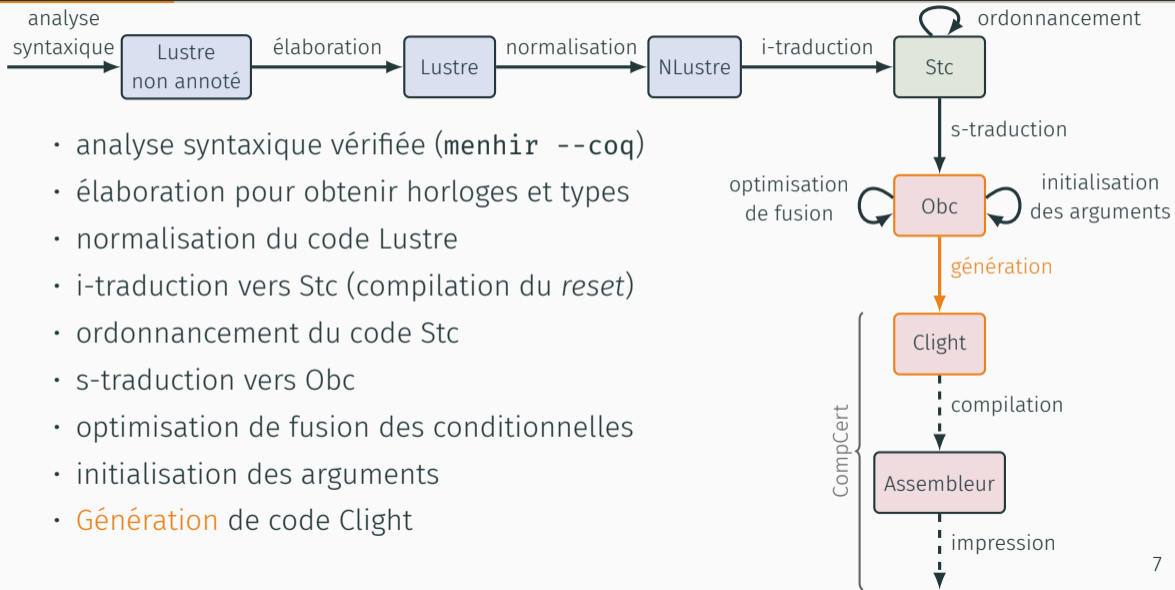
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- optimisation de fusion des conditionnelles

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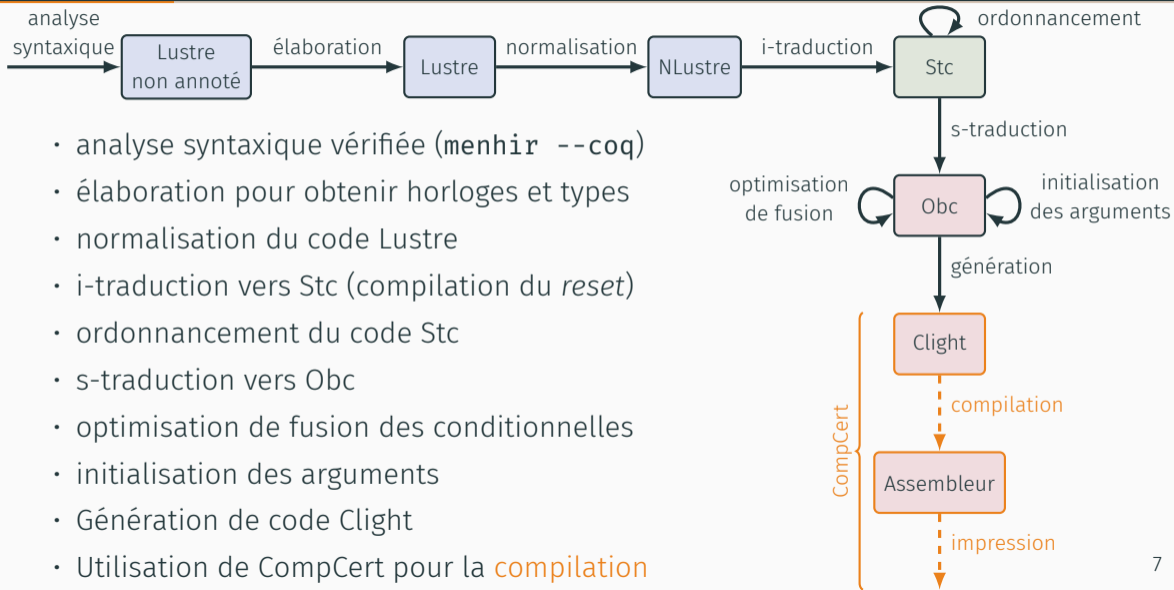


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- optimisation de fusion des conditionnelles
- **initialisation des arguments**

# VÉLUS : UN COMPILATEUR LUSTRE VÉRIFIÉ



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# LUSTRE

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node nav(gps, xv: double, s: bool)
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```

```

struct euler {
  bool l;
  double px;
};
struct ins {
  int k;
  double px;
  struct euler xe;
};
struct fun$ins$step {
  double x;
  bool alarm;
};
struct nav {
  bool c;
  bool r;
  struct ins insr;
};
struct fun$nav$step {
  double x;
  bool alarm;
};

double fun$euler$step(struct euler *self,
                     double x0, double u) {
  register double x;
  if (self->l) {
    x = x0;
  } else {
    x = self->px;
  }
  self->l = false;
  self->px = x + 0.10000000000000000000 * u;
  return x;
}

void fun$euler$reset(struct euler *self) {
  self->l = true;
  self->px = 0;
  return;
}

void fun$ins$step(struct ins *self,
                  struct fun$ins$step *out,
                  double gps, double xv) {
  register double stepk;
  register double xe;
  out->alarm = self->k >= 50;
  self->k = self->k + 1;
  if (out->alarm) { out->x = self->px; }
  else {
    stepk = fun$euler$step(&self->xe, gps, xv);
    xe = stepk;
    out->x = xe;
  }
  self->px = out->x;
  return;
}

void fun$ins$reset(struct ins *self) {
  self->k = 0;
  self->px = 0;
  fun$euler$reset(&self->xe);
  return;
}

void fun$nav$step(struct nav *self,
                  struct fun$nav$step *out,
                  double gps, double xv, bool s) {
  struct fun$ins$step out$insr$step;
  register bool cm;
  register double insr;
  register bool alr;
  if (self->r) { fun$ins$reset(&self->insr); }
  self->r = s & self->c;
  if (self->c) {
    cm = !s;
    out->x = gps;
    out->alarm = false;
  } else {
    fun$ins$step(&self->insr, &out$insr$step, gps, xv);
    insr = out$insr$step.x;
    alr = out$insr$step.alarm;
    cm = s;
    out->x = insr;
    out->alarm = alr;
  }
  self->c = cm;
  return;
}

void fun$nav$reset(struct nav *self) {
  self->c = true;
  self->r = false;
  fun$ins$reset(&self->insr);
  return;
}

struct nav self$;
double volatile gps$;
double volatile xv$;
bool volatile s$;
double volatile x$;
bool volatile alarm$;

int main(void) {
  struct fun$nav$step out$step;
  register double gps;
  register double xv;
  register bool s;

  fun$nav$reset(&self$);

  while (true) {
    gps = volatile_load(&gps$);
    xv = volatile_load(&xv$);
    s = volatile_load(&s$);

    fun$nav$step(&self$, &out$step, gps, xv, s);

    volatile_store(&x$, out$step.x);
    volatile_store(&alarm$, out$step.alarm);
  }
}

```

```

node euler(x0, u: double)
  returns (x: double);
let
  x = x0 fby (x + 0.1 * u);
tel

node ins(gps, xv: double)
  returns (x: double, alarm: bool)
  var pxa, xe: double; k: int;
let
  k = 0 fby (k + 1);
  alarm = (k >= 50);
  xe = euler((gps, xv) when not alarm);
  pxa = (0. fby x) when alarm;
  x = merge alarm pxa xe;
tel

node nav(gps, xv: double, s: bool)
  returns (x: double, alarm: bool)
  var r, c: bool;
let
  (x, alarm) = merge c
    (gps when c, false)
    ((restart ins every r)
     ((gps, xv) whenot c));
  c = true fby (merge c (not s when c)
                 (s whenot c));
  r = false fby (s and c);
tel

```

```

struct euler {
  bool i;
  double px;
};
struct ins {
  int k;
  double px;
  struct euler xe;
};
struct fun$ins$step {
  double x;
  bool alarm;
};
struct nav {
  bool c;
  bool r;
  struct ins insr;
};
struct fun$nav$step {
  double x;
  bool alarm;
};

double fun$euler$step(struct euler *self,
                     double x0, double u) {
  register double x;
  if (self->i) {
    x = x0;
  } else {
    x = self->px;
  }
  self->i = false;
  self->px = x + 0.10000000000000000000000000000000 * u;
  return x;
}

void fun$euler$reset(struct euler *self) {
  self->i = true;
  self->px = 0;
  return;
}

void fun$ins$step(struct ins *self,
                 struct fun$ins$step *out,
                 double gps, double xv) {
  register double step$k;
  register double xe;
  out->alarm = self->k >= 50;
  self->k = self->k + 1;
  if (out->alarm) { out->x = self->px; }
  else {
    step$k = fun$euler$step(&self->xe, gps, xv);
    xe = step$k;
    out->x = xe;
  }
  self->px = out->x;
  return;
}

void fun$ins$reset(struct ins *self) {
  self->k = 0;
  self->px = 0;
  fun$euler$reset(&self->xe);
  return;
}

void fun$nav$step(struct nav *self,
                 struct fun$nav$step *out,
                 double gps, double xv, bool s) {
  struct fun$ins$step out$insr$step;
  register bool cm;
  register double insr;
  register bool alr;
  if (self->r) { fun$ins$reset(&self->insr); }
  self->r = s & self->c;
  if (self->c) {
    cm = !s;
    out->x = gps;
    out->alarm = false;
  } else {
    fun$ins$step(&self->insr, &out$insr$step, gps, xv);
    insr = out$insr$step.x;
    alr = out$insr$step.alarm;
    cm = s;
    out->x = insr;
    out->alarm = alr;
  }
  self->c = cm;
  return;
}

void fun$nav$reset(struct nav *self) {
  self->c = true;
  self->r = false;
  fun$ins$reset(&self->insr);
  return;
}

struct nav self$;
double volatile gps$;
double volatile xv$;
bool volatile c$;
double volatile x$;
bool volatile alarm$;

int main(void) {
  struct fun$nav$step out$step;
  register double gps;
  register double xv;
  register bool s;

  fun$nav$reset(&self$);

  while (true) {
    gps = volatile_load(&gps$);
    xv = volatile_load(&xv$);
    s = volatile_load(&s$);

    fun$nav$step(&self$, &out$step, gps, xv, s);

    volatile_store(&x$, out$step.x);
    volatile_store(&alarm$, out$step.alarm);
  }
}

```

code traduit

```

node euler(x0, u: double)
  returns (x: double);
let
  x = x0 fby (x + 0.1 * u);
tel

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  returns (x: double, alarm: bool)
  var pxa, xe: double; k: int;
let
  k = 0 fby (k + 1);
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node nav(gps, xv: double, s: bool)
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let
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    (gps when c, false)
    ((restart ins every r)
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  c = true fby (merge c (not s when c)
                 (s whenot c));
  r = false fby (s and c);
tel

```

```

struct euler {
  bool i;
  double px;
};
struct ins {
  int k;
  double px;
  struct euler xe;
};
struct fun$ins$step {
  double x;
  bool alarm;
};
struct nav {
  bool c;
  bool r;
  struct ins insr;
};
struct fun$nav$step {
  double x;
  bool alarm;
};

double fun$euler$step(struct euler *self,
                     double x0, double u) {
  register double x;
  if (self->i) {
    x = x0;
  } else {
    x = self->px;
  }
  self->i = false;
  self->px = x + 0.10000000000000000000 * u;
  return x;
}

void fun$euler$reset(struct euler *self) {
  self->i = true;
  self->px = 0;
  return;
}

void fun$ins$step(struct ins *self,
                  struct fun$ins$step *out,
                  double gps, double xv) {
  register double stepk;
  register double xe;
  out->alarm = self->k >= 50;
  self->k = self->k + 1;
  if (out->alarm) { out->x = self->px; }
  else {
    stepk = fun$euler$step(&self->xe, gps, xv);
    xe = stepk;
    out->x = xe;
  }
  self->px = out->x;
  return;
}

void fun$ins$reset(struct ins *self) {
  self->k = 0;
  self->px = 0;
  fun$euler$reset(&self->xe);
  return;
}

```

```

void fun$nav$step(struct nav *self,
                  struct fun$nav$step *out,
                  double gps, double xv, bool s) {
  struct fun$ins$step out$insr$step;
  register bool cm;
  register double insr;
  register bool alr;
  if (self->r) { fun$ins$reset(&self->insr); }
  self->r = s & self->c;
  if (self->c) {
    cm = !s;
    out->x = gps;
    out->alarm = false;
  } else {
    fun$ins$step(&self->insr, &out$insr$step, gps, xv);
    insr = out$insr$step.x;
    alr = out$insr$step.alarm;
    cm = s;
    out->x = insr;
    out->alarm = alr;
  }
  self->c = cm;
  return;
}

void fun$nav$reset(struct nav *self) {
  self->c = true;
  self->r = false;
  fun$ins$reset(&self->insr);
  return;
}

struct nav self$;
double volatile gps$;
double volatile xv$;
bool volatile s$;
double volatile x$;
bool volatile alarm$;

int main(void) {
  struct fun$nav$step out$step;
  register double gps;
  register double xv;
  register bool s;

  fun$nav$reset(&self$);

  while (true) {
    gps = volatile_load(&gps$);
    xv = volatile_load(&xv$);
    s = volatile_load(&s$);

    fun$nav$step(&self$, &out$step, gps, xv, s);

    volatile_store(&x$, out$step.x);
    volatile_store(&alarm$, out$step.alarm);
  }
}

```

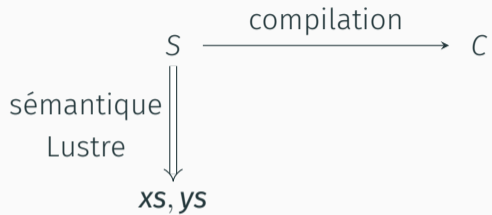
boucle principale



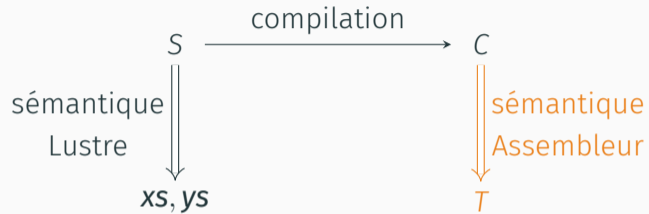


$S \xrightarrow{\text{compilation}} C$

# CORRECTION ?



# CORRECTION ?



# CORRECTION ?





**Remarque :** on veut en réalité la direction opposée, appelée *raffinement*, c'est-à-dire les comportements observables de  $C$  sont aussi des comportements observables de  $S$ .

# MÉCANISATION DE LUSTRE NORMALISÉ

---

4 types d'équations

$$x = ce$$

$$x = c \text{ fby } e$$

$$x = f(e)$$

$$x = (\text{restart } f \text{ every } r)(e)$$

équation simple

équation **fby**

instanciation de nœud

instanciation avec *reset* modulaire

## Sémantique

Flots comme fonctions  $\mathbb{N} \mapsto \text{value}$  :

$$\begin{array}{cccc} 0 & 1 & 2 & \dots \\ \Downarrow & \Downarrow & \Downarrow & \dots \\ v_0 & v_1 & v_2 & \dots \end{array}$$

sémantique instantanée projetée

Flots comme coinductifs :

$$v_0 \cdot v_1 \cdot v_2 \cdot \dots$$

description coinductive de la  
sémantique



## Sémantique Instantanée

$$\frac{}{R \vdash x \downarrow R(x)} \quad \frac{R \vdash e_1 \downarrow \langle v_1 \rangle \quad R \vdash e_2 \downarrow \langle v_2 \rangle}{R \vdash e_1 + e_2 \downarrow \langle [[+]](v_1, v_2) \rangle} \quad \frac{R \vdash e_1 \downarrow \langle \rangle \quad R \vdash e_2 \downarrow \langle \rangle}{R \vdash e_1 + e_2 \downarrow \langle \rangle}$$

## Sémantique Projetée

$$\frac{\forall i, H_i(x) = s_i \quad \forall i, H_i \vdash e \downarrow s_i}{H \vdash x = e} \quad \frac{\forall i, H_i \vdash e \downarrow s_i \quad \forall i, H_i(x) = \text{fby}(c, s)_i}{H \vdash x = c \text{ fby } e}$$

$$\frac{\forall i, H_i \vdash e \downarrow xs_i \quad \vdash f(xs) \Downarrow ys \quad \forall i, H_i(x) = ys_i}{H \vdash x = f(e)}$$

## Sémantique Instantanée

$$\frac{}{R \vdash x \downarrow R(x)} \quad \frac{R \vdash e_1 \downarrow \langle v_1 \rangle \quad R \vdash e_2 \downarrow \langle v_2 \rangle}{R \vdash e_1 + e_2 \downarrow \langle \llbracket + \rrbracket(v_1, v_2) \rangle} \quad \frac{R \vdash e_1 \downarrow \langle \rangle \quad R \vdash e_2 \downarrow \langle \rangle}{R \vdash e_1 + e_2 \downarrow \langle \rangle}$$

## Sémantique Projetée

$$\frac{\forall i, H_i(x) = s_i \quad \forall i, H_i \vdash e \downarrow s_i}{H \vdash x = e} \quad \frac{\forall i, H_i \vdash e \downarrow s_i \quad \forall i, H_i(x) = \text{fby}(c, s)_i}{H \vdash x = c \text{ fby } e}$$

$$\frac{\forall i, H_i \vdash e \downarrow xs_i \quad \vdash f(xs) \Downarrow ys \quad \forall i, H_i(x) = ys_i}{H \vdash x = f(e)}$$

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$$\frac{}{R \vdash x \downarrow R(x)} \quad \frac{R \vdash e_1 \downarrow \langle v_1 \rangle \quad R \vdash e_2 \downarrow \langle v_2 \rangle}{R \vdash e_1 + e_2 \downarrow \langle [[+]](v_1, v_2) \rangle} \quad \frac{R \vdash e_1 \downarrow \langle \rangle \quad R \vdash e_2 \downarrow \langle \rangle}{R \vdash e_1 + e_2 \downarrow \langle \rangle}$$

## Sémantique Projetée

$$\frac{\forall i, H_i(x) = s_i \quad \forall i, H_i \vdash e \downarrow s_i}{H \vdash x = e} \quad \frac{\forall i, H_i \vdash e \downarrow s_i \quad \forall i, H_i(x) = \text{fby}(c, s)_i}{H \vdash x = c \text{ fby } e}$$

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## Sémantique Instantanée

$$\frac{}{R \vdash x \downarrow R(x)} \quad \frac{R \vdash e_1 \downarrow \langle v_1 \rangle \quad R \vdash e_2 \downarrow \langle v_2 \rangle}{R \vdash e_1 + e_2 \downarrow \langle \llbracket + \rrbracket(v_1, v_2) \rangle} \quad \frac{R \vdash e_1 \downarrow \langle \rangle \quad R \vdash e_2 \downarrow \langle \rangle}{R \vdash e_1 + e_2 \downarrow \langle \rangle}$$

## Sémantique Projetée

$$\frac{\forall i, H_i(x) = s_i \quad \forall i, H_i \vdash e \downarrow s_i}{H \vdash x = e} \quad \frac{\forall i, H_i \vdash e \downarrow s_i \quad \forall i, H_i(x) = \text{fby}(c, s)_i}{H \vdash x = c \text{ fby } e}$$

$$\frac{\forall i, H_i \vdash \mathbf{e} \downarrow xs_i \quad \vdash f(xs) \Downarrow ys \quad \forall i, H_i(\mathbf{x}) = ys_i}{H \vdash \mathbf{x} = f(\mathbf{e})}$$

## Sémantique Instantanée

$$\frac{}{R \vdash x \downarrow R(x)} \quad \frac{R \vdash e_1 \downarrow \langle v_1 \rangle \quad R \vdash e_2 \downarrow \langle v_2 \rangle}{R \vdash e_1 + e_2 \downarrow \langle [[+]](v_1, v_2) \rangle} \quad \frac{R \vdash e_1 \downarrow \langle \rangle \quad R \vdash e_2 \downarrow \langle \rangle}{R \vdash e_1 + e_2 \downarrow \langle \rangle}$$

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## Sémantique Instantanée

$$\frac{}{R \vdash x \downarrow R(x)} \quad \frac{R \vdash e_1 \downarrow \langle v_1 \rangle \quad R \vdash e_2 \downarrow \langle v_2 \rangle}{R \vdash e_1 + e_2 \downarrow \langle \llbracket + \rrbracket(v_1, v_2) \rangle} \quad \frac{R \vdash e_1 \downarrow \langle \rangle \quad R \vdash e_2 \downarrow \langle \rangle}{R \vdash e_1 + e_2 \downarrow \langle \rangle}$$

## Sémantique Projetée

$$\frac{\forall i, H_i(x) = s_i \quad \forall i, H_i \vdash e \downarrow s_i}{H \vdash x = e} \quad \frac{\forall i, H_i \vdash e \downarrow s_i \quad \forall i, H_i(x) = \text{fby}(c, s)_i}{H \vdash x = c \text{ fby } e}$$

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## Sémantique Projetée

$$\frac{\forall i, H_i(x) = s_i \quad \forall i, H_i \vdash e \downarrow s_i}{H \vdash x = e} \quad \frac{\forall i, H_i \vdash e \downarrow s_i \quad \forall i, H_i(x) = \text{fby}(c, s)_i}{H \vdash x = c \text{ fby } e}$$

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## Sémantique de Nœud

$$\frac{\text{node}(G, f) = n \quad \forall i, H_i(n.\text{in}) = xs_i \quad \forall i, H_i(n.\text{out}) = ys_i \quad \forall eq \in n.\text{eqs}, H \vdash eq}{\vdash f(xs) \Downarrow ys}$$

## Sémantique de Nœud

$$\frac{\text{node}(G, f) = n \quad \forall i, H_i(n.\text{in}) = xs_i \quad \forall i, H_i(n.\text{out}) = ys_i \quad \forall eq \in n.\text{eqs}, H \vdash eq}{\vdash f(xs) \Downarrow ys}$$

## Sémantique de Nœud

$$\frac{\text{node}(G, f) = n \quad \forall i, H_i(n.\text{in}) = xs_i \quad \forall i, H_i(n.\text{out}) = ys_i \\ \forall eq \in n.\text{eqs}, H \vdash eq}{\vdash f(xs) \Downarrow ys}$$

## Sémantique de Nœud

$$\frac{\text{node}(G, f) = n \quad \forall i, H_i(n.\text{in}) = xs_i \quad \forall i, H_i(n.\text{out}) = ys_i \\ \forall eq \in n.\text{eqs}, H \vdash eq}{\vdash f(xs) \Downarrow ys}$$

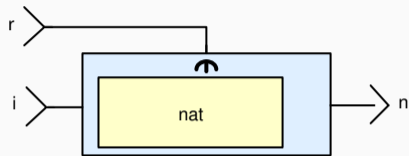
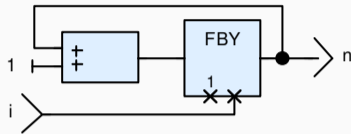
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$$\frac{\text{node}(G, f) = n \quad \forall i, H_i(n.\text{in}) = xs_i \quad \forall i, H_i(n.\text{out}) = ys_i \\ \forall eq \in n.\text{eqs}, H \vdash eq}{\vdash f(xs) \Downarrow ys}$$



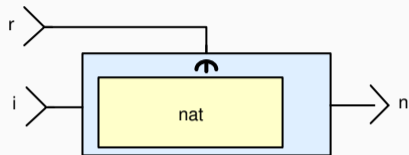
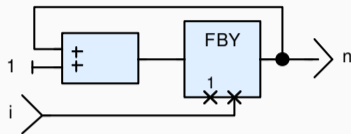
## EXEMPLE PLUS SIMPLE : SÉMANTIQUE INTUITIVE DU RESET MODULAIRE

```
node nat(i: int)
  returns (n: int)
let
  n = i fby (n + 1);
tel
```



## EXEMPLE PLUS SIMPLE : SÉMANTIQUE INTUITIVE DU RESET MODULAIRE

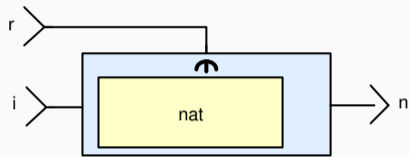
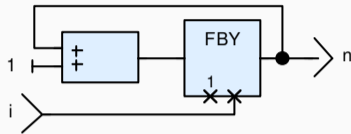
```
node nat(i: int)
  returns (n: int)
let
  n = i fby (n + 1);
tel
```



$r$	F
$i$	0
<hr/>	
$nat(i)$	0
$(\text{restart } nat \text{ every } r)(i)$	0

## EXEMPLE PLUS SIMPLE : SÉMANTIQUE INTUITIVE DU RESET MODULAIRE

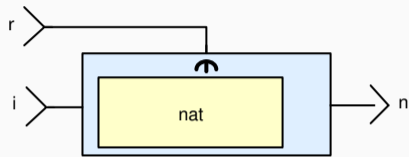
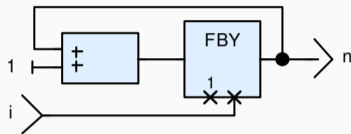
```
node nat(i: int)
  returns (n: int)
let
  n = i fby (n + 1);
tel
```



<i>r</i>	F	F
<i>i</i>	0	5
<hr/>		
<i>nat</i> ( <i>i</i> )	0	1
( <i>restart nat every r</i> )( <i>i</i> )	0	1

## EXEMPLE PLUS SIMPLE : SÉMANTIQUE INTUITIVE DU RESET MODULAIRE

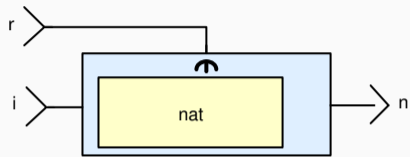
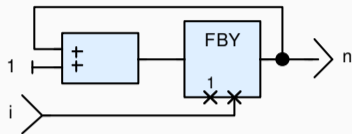
```
node nat(i: int)
  returns (n: int)
let
  n = i fby (n + 1);
tel
```



<i>r</i>	F	F	T
<i>i</i>	0	5	10
<hr/>			
<i>nat(i)</i>	0	1	2
<i>(restart nat every r)(i)</i>	0	1	10

## EXEMPLE PLUS SIMPLE : SÉMANTIQUE INTUITIVE DU RESET MODULAIRE

```
node nat(i: int)
  returns (n: int)
let
  n = i fby (n + 1);
tel
```

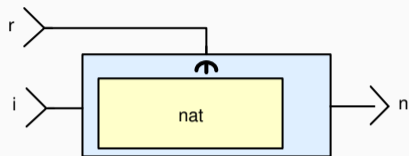
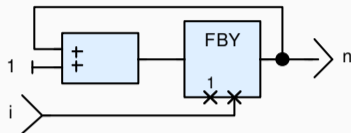


<i>r</i>	F	F	T	F
<i>i</i>	0	5	10	15
<hr/>				
<i>nat(i)</i>	0	1	2	3
<i>(restart nat every r)(i)</i>	0	1	10	11

## EXEMPLE PLUS SIMPLE : SÉMANTIQUE INTUITIVE DU RESET MODULAIRE

```

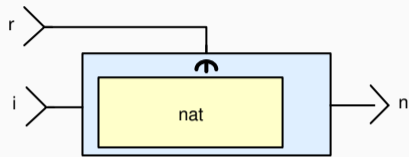
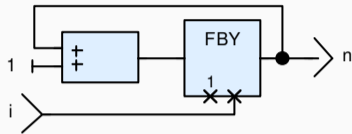
node nat(i: int)
  returns (n: int)
let
  n = i fby (n + 1);
tel
  
```



<i>r</i>	F	F	T	F	F
<i>i</i>	0	5	10	15	20
<hr/>					
<i>nat</i> ( <i>i</i> )	0	1	2	3	4
( <b>restart nat every r</b> )( <i>i</i> )	0	1	10	11	12

## EXEMPLE PLUS SIMPLE : SÉMANTIQUE INTUITIVE DU RESET MODULAIRE

```
node nat(i: int)
  returns (n: int)
let
  n = i fby (n + 1);
tel
```

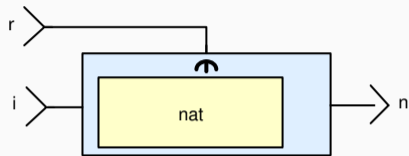
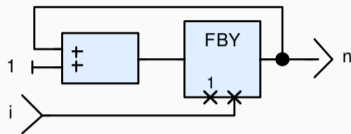


<i>r</i>	F	F	T	F	F	T
<i>i</i>	0	5	10	15	20	25
<hr/>						
<i>nat(i)</i>	0	1	2	3	4	5
<i>(restart nat every r)(i)</i>	0	1	10	11	12	25

# EXEMPLE PLUS SIMPLE : SÉMANTIQUE INTUITIVE DU RESET MODULAIRE

```

node nat(i: int)
  returns (n: int)
let
  n = i fby (n + 1);
tel
  
```



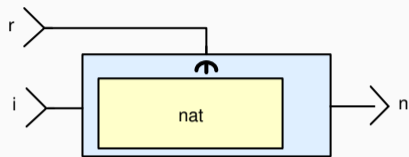
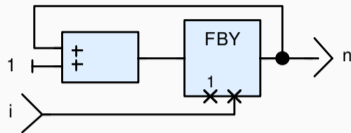
<i>r</i>	F	F	T	F	F	T	F
<i>i</i>	0	5	10	15	20	25	30
<hr/>							
<i>nat</i> ( <i>i</i> )	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
( <b>restart</b> <i>nat</i> <b>every</b> <i>r</i> )( <i>i</i> )	0	1	10	11	12	25	26



# EXEMPLE PLUS SIMPLE : SÉMANTIQUE INTUITIVE DU RESET MODULAIRE

```

node nat(i: int)
  returns (n: int)
let
  n = i fby (n + 1);
tel
  
```

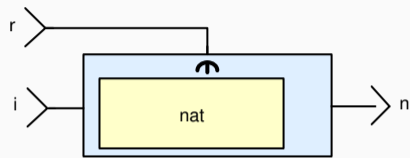
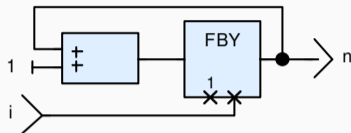


<i>r</i>	F	F	T	F	F	T	F	...
<i>i</i>	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	...
<i>nat</i> ( <i>i</i> )	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	...
( <b>restart nat every r</b> )( <i>i</i> )	0	1	10	11	12	25	26	...

```

node nat(i: int)
  returns (n: int)
let
  n = i fby (n + 1);
tel

```



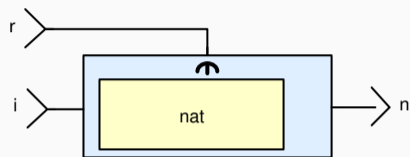
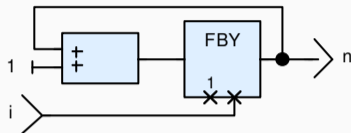
<i>r</i>	F	F	T	F	F	T	F	...
<i>i</i>	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	...
<i>nat(i)</i>	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	...
<i>(restart nat every r)(i)</i>	0	1	10	11	12	25	26	...

Peut être implémenté dans un langage récursif d'ordre supérieur

```

node nat(i: int)
  returns (n: int)
let
  n = i fby (n + 1);
tel

```



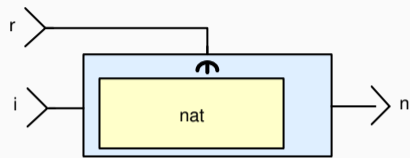
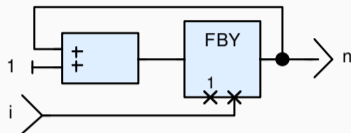
<i>r</i>	F	F	T	F	F	T	F	...
<i>i</i>	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	...
<i>nat(i)</i>	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	...
<code>(restart nat every r)(i)</code>	0	1	10	11	12	25	26	...

Peut être implémenté dans un langage récursif d'ordre supérieur

```

node nat(i: int)
  returns (n: int)
let
  n = i fby (n + 1);
tel

```



<i>r</i>	F	F	T	F	F	T	F	...
<i>i</i>	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	...
<i>nat(i)</i>	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	...
<b>(restart nat every r)(i)</b>	0	1	10	11	12	25	26	...

Peut être implémenté dans un langage récursif d'ordre supérieur

## EXEMPLE PLUS SIMPLE : SÉMANTIQUE INTUITIVE DU RESET MODULAIRE

$r$		F	F	T	F	F	T	F	...
$i$		0	5	10	15	20	25	30	...

`(restart nat every r)(i)` 0 1 10 11 12 25 26 ...

## EXEMPLE PLUS SIMPLE : SÉMANTIQUE INTUITIVE DU RESET MODULAIRE

$r$	F	F	T	F	F	T	F	...
<code>count r</code>	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	...
$i$	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	...

`(restart nat every r)(i)` 0 1 10 11 12 25 26 ...

# EXEMPLE PLUS SIMPLE : SÉMANTIQUE INTUITIVE DU RESET MODULAIRE

$r$	F	F	T	F	F	T	F	...
$\text{count } r$	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	...
$i$	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	...
$\text{mask}_r^0 i$	0	5						...

$(\text{restart nat every } r)(i)$  0 1 10 11 12 25 26 ...

# EXEMPLE PLUS SIMPLE : SÉMANTIQUE INTUITIVE DU RESET MODULAIRE

$r$	F	F	T	F	F	T	F	...
$\text{count } r$	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	...
$i$	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	...
$\text{mask}_r^0 i$	0	5						...
$\text{nat}(\text{mask}_r^0 i)$	0	1						...

$(\text{restart } \text{nat every } r)(i)$  0 1 10 11 12 25 26 ...



# EXEMPLE PLUS SIMPLE : SÉMANTIQUE INTUITIVE DU RESET MODULAIRE

$r$	F	F	T	F	F	T	F	...
$\text{count } r$	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	...
$i$	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	...
$\text{mask}_r^0 i$	0	5						...
$\text{nat}(\text{mask}_r^0 i)$	0	1						...
$\text{mask}_r^1 i$			10	15	20			...

$(\text{restart } \text{nat } \text{every } r)(i)$  0 1 10 11 12 25 26 ...

# EXEMPLE PLUS SIMPLE : SÉMANTIQUE INTUITIVE DU RESET MODULAIRE

$r$	F	F	T	F	F	T	F	...
$\text{count } r$	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	...
$i$	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	...
$\text{mask}_r^0 i$	0	5						...
$\text{nat}(\text{mask}_r^0 i)$	0	1						...
$\text{mask}_r^1 i$			10	15	20			...
$\text{nat}(\text{mask}_r^1 i)$			10	11	12			...
$(\text{restart } \text{nat } \text{every } r)(i)$	0	1	10	11	12	25	26	...

# EXEMPLE PLUS SIMPLE : SÉMANTIQUE INTUITIVE DU RESET MODULAIRE

$r$	F	F	T	F	F	T	F	...
$\text{count } r$	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	...
$i$	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	...
$\text{mask}_r^0 i$	0	5						...
$\text{nat}(\text{mask}_r^0 i)$	0	1						...
$\text{mask}_r^1 i$			10	15	20			...
$\text{nat}(\text{mask}_r^1 i)$			10	11	12			...
$\text{mask}_r^2 i$						25	30	...
$(\text{restart } \text{nat } \text{every } r)(i)$	0	1	10	11	12	25	26	...

# EXEMPLE PLUS SIMPLE : SÉMANTIQUE INTUITIVE DU RESET MODULAIRE

$r$	F	F	T	F	F	T	F	...
$\text{count } r$	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	...
$i$	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	...
$\text{mask}_r^0 i$	0	5						...
$\text{nat}(\text{mask}_r^0 i)$	0	1						...
$\text{mask}_r^1 i$			10	15	20			...
$\text{nat}(\text{mask}_r^1 i)$			10	11	12			...
$\text{mask}_r^2 i$						25	30	...
$\text{nat}(\text{mask}_r^2 i)$						25	26	...
$(\text{restart nat every } r)(i)$	0	1	10	11	12	25	26	...

# EXEMPLE PLUS SIMPLE : SÉMANTIQUE INTUITIVE DU RESET MODULAIRE

$r$	F	F	T	F	F	T	F	...
$\text{count } r$	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	...
$i$	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	...
$\text{mask}_r^0 i$	0	5						...
$\text{nat}(\text{mask}_r^0 i)$	0	1						...
$\text{mask}_r^1 i$			10	15	20			...
$\text{nat}(\text{mask}_r^1 i)$			10	11	12			...
$\text{mask}_r^2 i$						25	30	...
$\text{nat}(\text{mask}_r^2 i)$						25	26	...
$\vdots$								
$(\text{restart nat every } r)(i)$	0	1	10	11	12	25	26	...

## Instanciation de nœud

$$\frac{\forall i, H_i \vdash e \downarrow x_{S_i} \quad \vdash f(x_S) \Downarrow y_S \quad \forall i, H_i(x) = y_{S_i}}{H \vdash x = f(e)}$$

Instanciation de nœud

$$\frac{\forall i, H_i \vdash e \Downarrow xs_i \quad \vdash f(xs) \Downarrow ys \quad \forall i, H_i(x) = ys_i}{H \vdash x = f(e)}$$

Reset modulaire

---


$$H \vdash x = (\text{restart } f \text{ every } y)(e)$$

Instanciation de nœud

$$\frac{\forall i, H_i \vdash e \downarrow xS_i \quad \vdash f(xS) \Downarrow yS \quad \forall i, H_i(\mathbf{x}) = yS_i}{H \vdash \mathbf{x} = f(e)}$$

Reset modulaire

$$\frac{\forall i, H_i \vdash e \downarrow xS_i \quad \forall i, H_i(\mathbf{x}) = yS_i}{H \vdash \mathbf{x} = (\text{restart } f \text{ every } y)(e)}$$



## Instanciation de nœud

$$\frac{\forall i, H_i \vdash e \downarrow xs_i \quad \vdash f(xs) \Downarrow ys \quad \forall i, H_i(\mathbf{x}) = ys_i}{H \vdash \mathbf{x} = f(e)}$$

## Reset modulaire

$$\frac{\forall i, H_i \vdash e \downarrow xs_i \quad \forall i, H_i(y) = rs_i \quad r = \text{bools-of } rs \quad \forall k, \vdash f(\text{mask}_r^k xs) \Downarrow \text{mask}_r^k ys \quad \forall i, H_i(\mathbf{x}) = ys_i}{H \vdash \mathbf{x} = (\text{restart } f \text{ every } y)(e)}$$

## Instanciation de nœud

$$\frac{\forall i, H_i \vdash e \downarrow xs_i \quad \vdash f(xs) \Downarrow ys \quad \forall i, H_i(x) = ys_i}{H \vdash x = f(e)}$$

## Reset modulaire

$$\frac{\forall i, H_i(y) = rs_i \quad r = \text{bools-of } rs \quad \forall i, H_i \vdash e \downarrow xs_i \quad \forall k, \vdash f(\text{mask}_r^k xs) \Downarrow \text{mask}_r^k ys \quad \forall i, H_i(x) = ys_i}{H \vdash x = (\text{restart } f \text{ every } y)(e)}$$

Relation universellement quantifiée : nombre non borné de contraintes

# COMPILATION DU RESET MODULAIRE : DE NLUSTRE VERS STC

---

## UN PROBLÈME AVEC LA COMPILATION DE NLUSTRE VERS OBC

```
node driver(x0, y0, u, v: double, r: bool)
  returns (x, y: double)
  var ax, ay: bool;
let
  x, ax = (restart ins every r)(x0, u);
  y, ay = (restart ins every r)(y0, v);
tel
```

```
class driver {
  instance x: ins, y: ins;

  reset() { ins(x).reset();
           ins(y).reset() }

  step(x0, y0, u, v: double, r: bool)
  returns (x, y: double)
  var ax, ay: bool
  {
    if r { ins(x).reset() };
    x, ax := ins(x).step(x0, u);
    if r { ins(y).reset() };
    y, ay := ins(y).step(y0, v)
  }
}
```

## UN PROBLÈME AVEC LA COMPILATION DE NLUSTRE VERS OBC

```
node driver(x0, y0, u, v: double, r: bool)
  returns (x, y: double)
  var ax, ay: bool;
let
  x, ax = (restart ins every r)(x0, u);
  y, ay = (restart ins every r)(y0, v);
tel
```

```
class driver {
  instance x: ins, y: ins;

  reset() { ins(x).reset();
           ins(y).reset() }

  step(x0, y0, u, v: double, r: bool)
    returns (x, y: double)
    var ax, ay: bool
    {
      if r { ins(x).reset() };
      x, ax := ins(x).step(x0, u);
      if r { ins(y).reset() };
      y, ay := ins(y).step(y0, v)
    }
}
```

## UN PROBLÈME AVEC LA COMPILATION DE NLUSTRE VERS OBC

```
node driver(x0, y0, u, v: double, r: bool)
  returns (x, y: double)
  var ax, ay: bool;
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```
class driver {
  instance x: ins, y: ins;

  reset() { ins(x).reset();
           ins(y).reset() }

  step(x0, y0, u, v: double, r: bool)
    returns (x, y: double)
    var ax, ay: bool
    {
      if r { ins(x).reset() };
      x, ax := ins(x).step(x0, u);
      if r { ins(y).reset() };
      y, ay := ins(y).step(y0, v)
    }
}
```

## UN PROBLÈME AVEC LA COMPILATION DE NLUSTRE VERS OBC

```
node driver(x0, y0, u, v: double, r: bool)
  returns (x, y: double)
  var ax, ay: bool;
let
  x, ax = (restart ins every r)(x0, u);
  y, ay = (restart ins every r)(y0, v);
tel
```

```
class driver {
  instance x: ins, y: ins;

  reset() { ins(x).reset();
           ins(y).reset() }

  step(x0, y0, u, v: double, r: bool)
    returns (x, y: double)
    var ax, ay: bool
    {
      if r { ins(x).reset() };
      x, ax := ins(x).step(x0, u);
      if r { ins(y).reset() };
      y, ay := ins(y).step(y0, v)
    }
}
```

## UN PROBLÈME AVEC LA COMPILATION DE NLUSTRE VERS OBC

```
node driver(x0, y0, u, v: double, r: bool)
  returns (x, y: double)
  var ax, ay: bool;
let
  x, ax = (restart ins every r)(x0, u);
  y, ay = (restart ins every r)(y0, v);
tel
```

ordonnancer *et* introduire l'état

**VS**

introduire l'état *puis* ordonnancer

```
class driver {
  instance x: ins, y: ins;

  reset() { ins(x).reset();
           ins(y).reset() }

  step(x0, y0, u, v: double, r: bool)
  returns (x, y: double)
  var ax, ay: bool
  {
    if r { ins(x).reset() };
    x, ax := ins(x).step(x0, u);
    if r { ins(y).reset() };
    y, ay := ins(y).step(y0, v)
  }
}
```

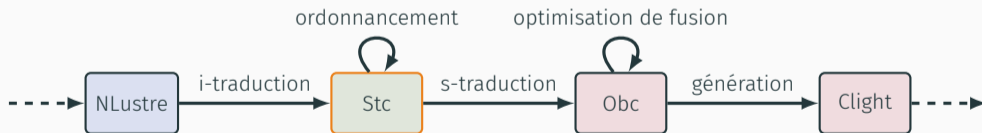


Proposer un nouveau langage intermédiaire

- **Sémantique invariante** par permutation
- **Reset séparé**
- Variables d'état et instances **explicités**

Proposer un nouveau langage intermédiaire

- **Sémantique invariante** par permutation
- **Reset séparé**
- Variables d'état et instances **explicites**



```
node ins(gps, xv: double)
  returns (x: double, alarm: bool)
  var k: int, px: double,
      xe: double when not alarm;
let
  k = 0 fby k + 1;
  alarm = (k >= 50);
  xe = euler(gps when not alarm,
             xv when not alarm);
  x = merge alarm (px when alarm) xe;
  px = 0. fby x;
tel
```

```
system ins {
  init k = 0, px = 0.;
  sub xe: euler;

  transition(gps, xv: double)
    returns (x: double, alarm: bool)
    var xe: double when not alarm;
    {
      next k = k + 1;
      alarm = (k >= 50);
      xe = euler<xe>(gps when not alarm,
                    xv when not alarm);
      x = merge alarm (px when alarm) xe;
      next px = x;
    }
}
```

```

node ins(gps, xv: double)
  returns (x: double, alarm: bool)
  var k: int, px: double,
      xe: double when not alarm;
let
  k = 0 fby k + 1;
  alarm = (k >= 50);
  xe = euler(gps when not alarm,
             xv when not alarm);
  x = merge alarm (px when alarm) xe;
  px = 0. fby x;
tel

```

```

system ins {
  init k = 0, px = 0.;
  sub xe: euler;

  transition(gps, xv: double)
    returns (x: double, alarm: bool)
    var xe: double when not alarm;
    {
      next k = k + 1;
      alarm = (k >= 50);
      xe = euler<xe>(gps when not alarm,
                    xv when not alarm);
      x = merge alarm (px when alarm) xe;
      next px = x;
    }
}

```

```

node ins(gps, xv: double)
  returns (x: double, alarm: bool)
  var k: int, px: double,
      xe: double when not alarm;
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  k = 0 fby k + 1;
  alarm = (k >= 50);
  xe = euler(gps when not alarm,
             xv when not alarm);
  x = merge alarm (px when alarm) xe;
  px = 0. fby x;
tel

```

introduire l'état **uniquement**

```

system ins {
  init k = 0, px = 0.;
  sub xe: euler;

  transition(gps, xv: double)
    returns (x: double, alarm: bool)
    var xe: double when not alarm;
    {
      next k = k + 1;
      alarm = (k >= 50);
      xe = euler<xe>(gps when not alarm,
                   xv when not alarm);
      x = merge alarm (px when alarm) xe;
      next px = x;
    }
}

```

```

node ins(gps, xv: double)
  returns (x: double, alarm: bool)
  var k: int, px: double,
      xe: double when not alarm;
let
  k = 0 fby k + 1;
  alarm = (k >= 50);
  xe = euler(gps when not alarm,
             xv when not alarm);
  x = merge alarm (px when alarm) xe;
  px = 0. fby x;
tel

```

introduire l'état **uniquement**

```

system ins {
  init k = 0, px = 0.;
  sub xe: euler;
transition(gps, xv: double)
  returns (x: double, alarm: bool)
  var xe: double when not alarm;
  {
    next k = k + 1;
    alarm = (k >= 50);
    xe = euler<xe>(gps when not alarm,
                  xv when not alarm);
    x = merge alarm (px when alarm) xe;
    next px = x;
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introduire l'état **uniquement**

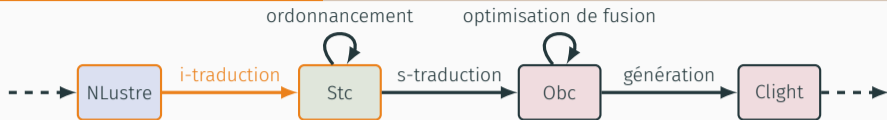
```

system ins {
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  transition(gps, xv: double)
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                    xv when not alarm);
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      next px = x;
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}

```



# COMPILATION DE L'EXEMPLE DU RESET



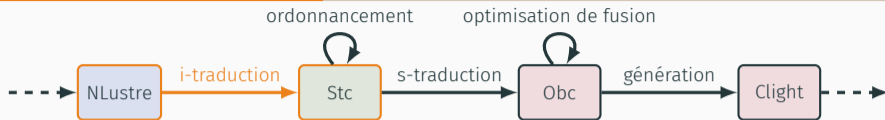
```
node driver(x0, y0, u, v: double, r: bool)
  returns (x, y: double)
  var ax, ay: bool;
let
  x, ax = (restart ins every r)(x0, u);
  y, ay = (restart ins every r)(y0, v);
tel
```

```
system driver {
  sub x: ins, y: ins;

  transition(x0, y0, u, v: double, r: bool)
    returns (x, y: double)
    var ax, ay: bool;
    {
      x, ax = ins<x>(x0, u);
      reset ins<x> every (. on r);
      y, ay = ins<y>(y0, v);
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    }
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```

introduire l'état **uniquement**

# COMPILATION DE L'EXEMPLE DU RESET



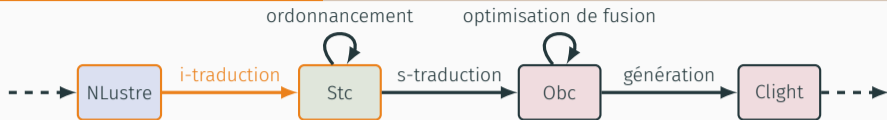
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```

# COMPILATION DE L'EXEMPLE DU RESET



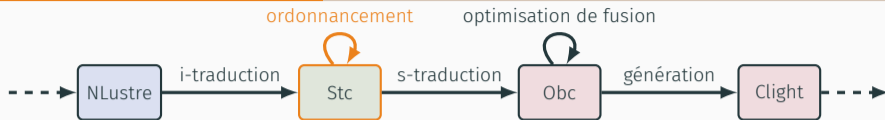
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introduire l'état **uniquement**

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ordonnancer **uniquement**

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      reset ins<x> every (. on r);
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      x, ax = ins<x>(x0, u);
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    }
}
```

## Systeme de transitions

- États de départ  $S$ , d'arrivée  $S'$
- Contraintes de transition
- État intermédiaire  $I$

## Système de transitions

- États de départ  $S$ , d'arrivée  $S'$
- Contraintes de transition
- État intermédiaire  $I$

```
system driver {  
  sub x: ins, y: ins;
```

```
  transition(x0, y0, u, v: double, r: bool)
```

```
    returns (x, y: double)
```

```
    var ax, ay: bool;
```

```
  {
```

```
    x, ax = ins<x>(x0, u);
```

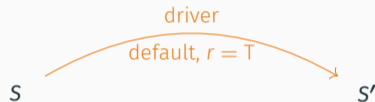
```
    reset ins<x> every (. on r);
```

```
    y, ay = ins<y>(y0, v);
```

```
    reset ins<y> every (. on r);
```

```
  }
```

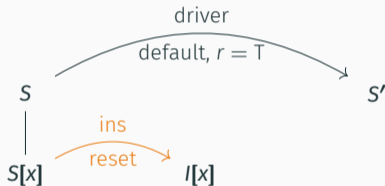
```
}
```



## Système de transitions

- États de départ  $S$ , d'arrivée  $S'$
- Contraintes de transition
- État intermédiaire  $I$

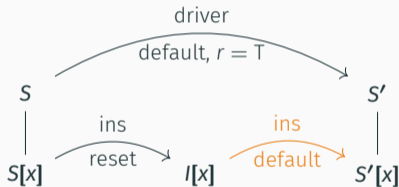
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system driver {  
  sub x: ins, y: ins;  
  
  transition(x0, y0, u, v: double, r: bool)  
    returns (x, y: double)  
    var ax, ay: bool;  
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    x, ax = ins<x>(x0, u);  
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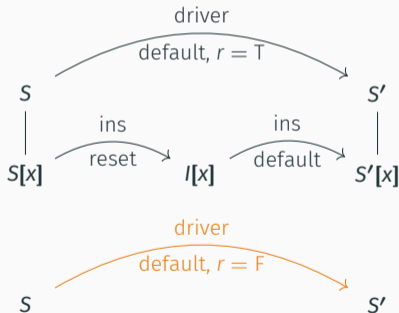




## Système de transitions

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```



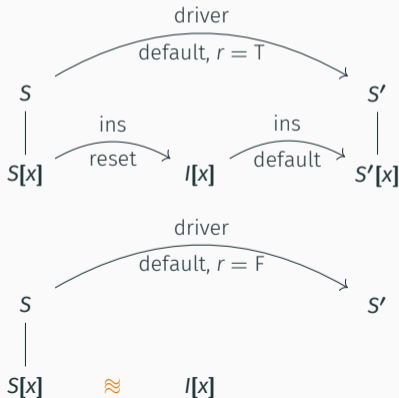
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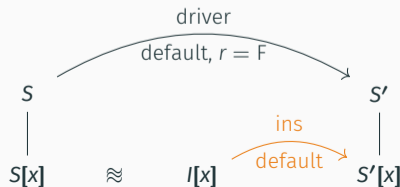
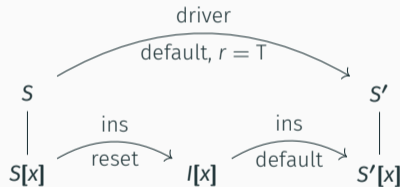
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Contrainte de transition basique

$$\frac{R \vdash e \downarrow R(x)}{R, S, I, S' \vdash x = e}$$

Contrainte de transition *next*

$$\frac{R \vdash e \downarrow \langle v \rangle \quad R(x) = \langle S(x) \rangle \quad S'(x) = v}{R, S, I, S' \vdash \text{next } x = e}$$

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## Transition par défaut

$$\frac{R \vdash e \downarrow v \quad I[i], S'[i] \vdash f(v) \Downarrow R(x) \quad \text{if } (k = 0) \text{ then } I[i] \approx S[i]}{R, S, I, S' \vdash x = f\langle i, k \rangle(e)}$$

Transition *reset*

$$\frac{R \vdash ck \downarrow \text{true} \quad \text{initial-state } f I[i]}{R, S, I, S' \vdash \text{reset } f\langle i \rangle \text{ every } ck}$$

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## Système

$$\frac{\text{system}(P, f) = s \quad R(\text{s.in}) = xs \quad R(\text{s.out}) = ys \\ \forall tc \in s.\text{tcs}, R, S, I, S' \vdash tc}{S, S' \vdash f(xs) \Downarrow ys}$$

## Système

$$\frac{\text{system}(P, f) = s \quad R(\text{s.in}) = xs \quad R(\text{s.out}) = ys \\ \forall tc \in \text{s.tcs}, R, S, I, S' \vdash tc}{S, S' \vdash f(xs) \Downarrow ys}$$

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$$\frac{\text{system}(P, f) = s \quad R(\text{s.in}) = xs \quad R(\text{s.out}) = ys \\ \forall tc \in \text{s.tcs}, R, S, I, S' \vdash tc}{S, S' \vdash f(xs) \Downarrow ys}$$

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$$\frac{\text{system}(P, f) = s \quad R(s.\text{in}) = xs \quad R(s.\text{out}) = ys \\ \forall tc \in s.\text{tcs}, R, S, I, S' \vdash tc}{S, S' \vdash f(xs) \Downarrow ys}$$



Exécution en boucle

$$\frac{S, S' \vdash f(xs_n) \Downarrow y_{S_n} \quad S' \vdash f(xs) \overset{n+1}{Q} y_S}{S \vdash f(xs) \overset{n}{Q} y_S}$$

Exécution en boucle

$$S, S' \vdash f(xs_n) \Downarrow ys_n$$

$$S' \vdash f(xs) \overset{n+1}{Q} ys$$

---


$$S \vdash f(xs) \overset{n}{Q} ys$$

## Exécution en boucle

$$\frac{
 \frac{
 S', S'' \vdash f(xs_{n+1}) \Downarrow ys_{n+1} \quad S'' \vdash f(xs) \overset{n+2}{Q} ys
 }{
 }
 }{
 S, S' \vdash f(xs_n) \Downarrow ys_n \quad S' \vdash f(xs) \overset{n+1}{Q} ys
 }{
 S \vdash f(xs) \overset{n}{Q} ys
 }$$

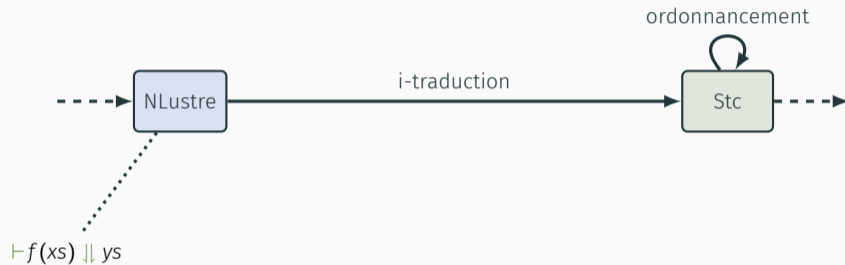
## Exécution en boucle

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{\frac{\frac{S', S'' \vdash f(xs_{n+1}) \Downarrow ys_{n+1}}{\quad} \quad \frac{\frac{S'', S''' \vdash f(xs_{n+2}) \Downarrow ys_{n+2} \quad S''' \vdash f(xs) \overset{n+3}{\underset{Q}{\circ}} ys}}{\quad}}{\quad}}{\quad} \quad \frac{S'' \vdash f(xs) \overset{n+2}{\underset{Q}{\circ}} ys}{\quad}}{\quad} \\
 \frac{S, S' \vdash f(xs_n) \Downarrow ys_n \quad \frac{S' \vdash f(xs) \overset{n+1}{\underset{Q}{\circ}} ys}{\quad}}{\quad}}{\quad} \\
 \frac{\quad}{S \vdash f(xs) \overset{n}{\underset{Q}{\circ}} ys}
 \end{array}$$

## Exécution en boucle

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \vdots \\
 \frac{S'', S''' \vdash f(xs_{n+2}) \Downarrow ys_{n+2} \quad \frac{S''' \vdash f(xs) \overset{n+3}{\mathbb{Q}} ys}{\text{---}}}{\text{---}} \\
 \frac{S', S'' \vdash f(xs_{n+1}) \Downarrow ys_{n+1} \quad \frac{S'' \vdash f(xs) \overset{n+2}{\mathbb{Q}} ys}{\text{---}}}{\text{---}} \\
 \frac{S, S' \vdash f(xs_n) \Downarrow ys_n \quad \frac{S' \vdash f(xs) \overset{n+1}{\mathbb{Q}} ys}{\text{---}}}{\text{---}} \\
 \frac{\quad}{S \vdash f(xs) \overset{n}{\mathbb{Q}} ys}
 \end{array}$$

# CORRECTION : PRÉSERVATION DE LA SÉMANTIQUE



# CORRECTION : PRÉSERVATION DE LA SÉMANTIQUE

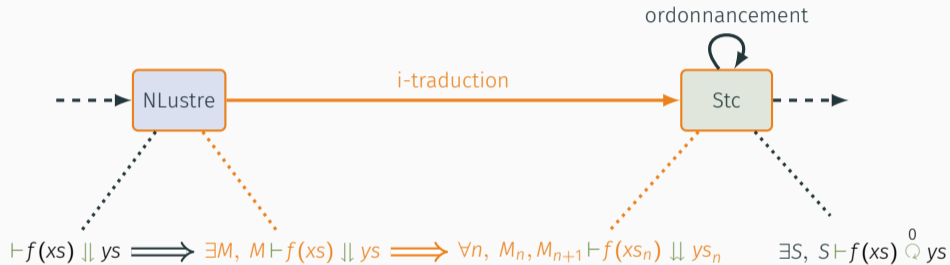


# CORRECTION : PRÉSERVATION DE LA SÉMANTIQUE

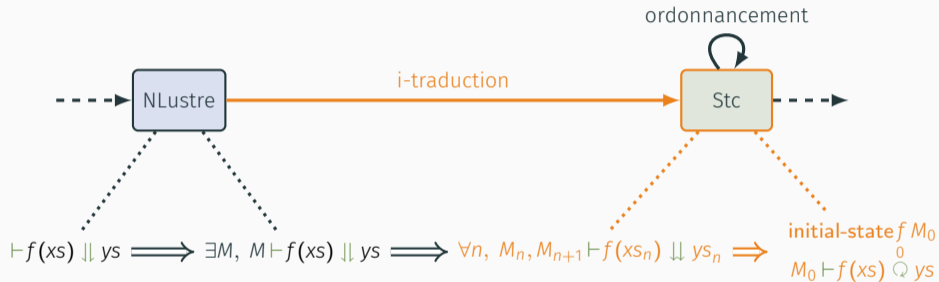




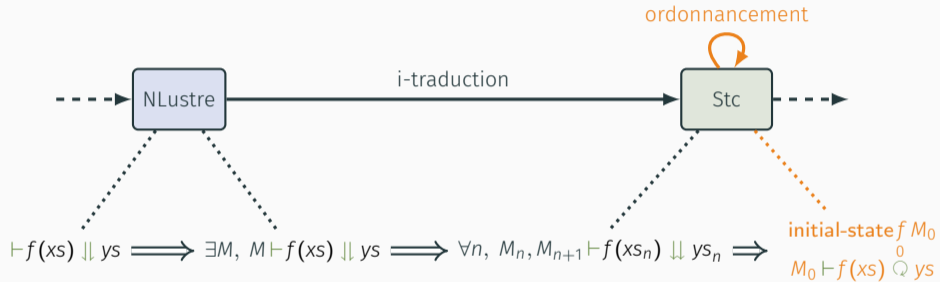
# CORRECTION : PRÉSERVATION DE LA SÉMANTIQUE



# CORRECTION : PRÉSERVATION DE LA SÉMANTIQUE



# CORRECTION : PRÉSERVATION DE LA SÉMANTIQUE



# PRODUCTION DE CODE IMPÉRATIF : DE STC VERS OBC

---

```

system ins {
  init k = 0, px = 0.;
  sub xe: euler;

  transition(gps, xv: double)
    returns (x: double, alarm: bool)
    var xe: double when not alarm;
  {
    alarm = (k >= 50);
    next k = k + 1;
    xe = euler<xe>(gps when not alarm,
                  xv when not alarm);
    x = merge alarm (px when alarm) xe;
    next px = x;
  }
}

```

```

class ins {
  state k: int, px: double;
  instance xe: euler;

  reset() { state(k) := 0;
           state(px) := 0.;
           euler(xe).reset() }

  step(gps, xv: double)
    returns (x: double, alarm: bool)
    var xe: double
  {
    alarm := state(k) >= 50;
    state(k) := state(k) + 1;
    if alarm { }
    else { xe := euler(xe).step(gps, xv) };
    if alarm { x := state(px) }
    else { x := xe };
    state(px) := x
  }
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    x = merge alarm (px when alarm) xe;
    next px = x;
  }
}

```

```

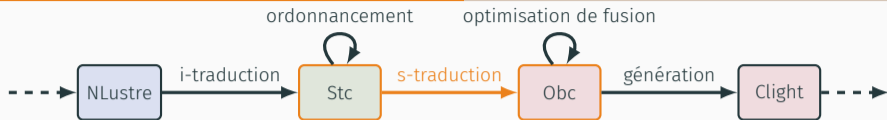
class ins {
  state k: int, px: double;
  instance xe: euler;

  reset() { state(k) := 0;
           state(px) := 0.;
           euler(xe).reset() }

  step(gps, xv: double)
    returns (x: double, alarm: bool)
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    state(k) := state(k) + 1;
    if alarm { }
    else { xe := euler(xe).step(gps, xv) };
    if alarm { x := state(px) }
    else { x := xe };
    state(px) := x
  }
}

```

# COMPILATION DE L'EXEMPLE DU RESET



```
system driver {
  sub x: ins, y: ins;

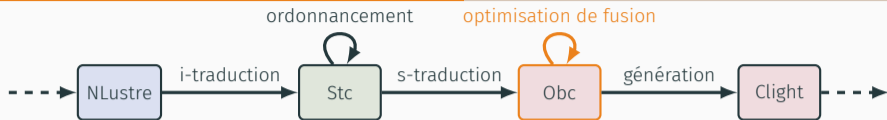
  transition(x0, y0, u, v: double, r: bool)
    returns (x, y: double)
    var ax, ay: bool;
  {
    reset ins<x> every (. on r);
    reset ins<y> every (. on r);
    x, ax = ins<x>(x0, u);
    y, ay = ins<y>(y0, v);
  }
}
```

```
class driver {
  instance x: ins, y: ins;

  reset() { ins(x).reset();
           ins(y).reset() }

  step(x0, y0, u, v: double, r: bool)
    returns (x, y: double)
    var ax, ay: bool
  {
    if r { ins(x).reset() };
    if r { ins(y).reset() };
    x, ax := ins(x).step(x0, u);
    y, ay := ins(y).step(y0, v)
  }
}
```

# COMPILATION DE L'EXEMPLE DU RESET



```
system driver {
  sub x: ins, y: ins;

  transition(x0, y0, u, v: double, r: bool)
    returns (x, y: double)
    var ax, ay: bool;
  {
    reset ins<x> every (. on r);
    reset ins<y> every (. on r);
    x, ax = ins<x>(x0, u);
    y, ay = ins<y>(y0, v);
  }
}
```

```
class driver {
  instance x: ins, y: ins;

  reset() { ins(x).reset();
           ins(y).reset() }

  step(x0, y0, u, v: double, r: bool)
    returns (x, y: double)
    var ax, ay: bool
  {
    if r { ins(x).reset();
           ins(y).reset() };
    x, ax := ins(x).step(x0, u);
    y, ay := ins(y).step(y0, v)
  }
}
```

## Expressions

$$\frac{}{me, ve \vdash x \Downarrow ve(x)} \quad \frac{}{me, ve \vdash \text{state}(x) \Downarrow me(x)} \quad \frac{me, ve \vdash e_1 \Downarrow v_1 \quad me, ve \vdash e_2 \Downarrow v_2}{me, ve \vdash e_1 + e_2 \Downarrow \llbracket + \rrbracket(v_1, v_2)}$$

## Instructions

$$\frac{me, ve \vdash e \Downarrow v}{me, ve \vdash x := e \Downarrow (me, ve\{x \mapsto v\})} \quad \frac{me, ve \vdash e \Downarrow v}{me, ve \vdash \text{state}(x) := e \Downarrow (me\{x \mapsto v\}, ve)}$$

$$\frac{me, ve \vdash s_1 \Downarrow (me_1, ve_1) \quad me_1, ve_1 \vdash s_2 \Downarrow (me_2, ve_2)}{me, ve \vdash s_1 ; s_2 \Downarrow (me_2, ve_2)} \quad \frac{me, ve \vdash e \Downarrow v \quad me[i] \vdash c.f(v) \Downarrow^w me'_i}{me, ve \vdash x := c(i).f(e) \Downarrow (me\{i \mapsto me'_i\}, ve\{x \mapsto w\})}$$

## Expressions

$$\frac{}{me, ve \vdash x \Downarrow ve(x)}$$

$$\frac{}{me, ve \vdash \text{state}(x) \Downarrow me(x)}$$

$$\frac{me, ve \vdash e_1 \Downarrow v_1 \quad me, ve \vdash e_2 \Downarrow v_2}{me, ve \vdash e_1 + e_2 \Downarrow \llbracket + \rrbracket(v_1, v_2)}$$

## Instructions

$$\frac{me, ve \vdash e \Downarrow v}{me, ve \vdash x := e \Downarrow (me, ve\{x \mapsto v\})}$$

$$\frac{me, ve \vdash e \Downarrow v}{me, ve \vdash \text{state}(x) := e \Downarrow (me\{x \mapsto v\}, ve)}$$

$$\frac{me, ve \vdash s_1 \Downarrow (me_1, ve_1) \quad me_1, ve_1 \vdash s_2 \Downarrow (me_2, ve_2)}{me, ve \vdash s_1 ; s_2 \Downarrow (me_2, ve_2)}$$

$$\frac{me, ve \vdash e \Downarrow v \quad me[i] \vdash c.f(v) \Downarrow^w me'_i}{me, ve \vdash x := c(i).f(e) \Downarrow (me\{i \mapsto me'_i\}, ve\{x \mapsto w\})}$$

## Expressions

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## Instructions

$$\frac{me, ve \vdash e \Downarrow v}{me, ve \vdash x := e \Downarrow (me, ve\{x \mapsto v\})}$$

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$$\frac{\begin{array}{l} me, ve \vdash s_1 \Downarrow (me_1, ve_1) \\ me_1, ve_1 \vdash s_2 \Downarrow (me_2, ve_2) \end{array}}{me, ve \vdash s_1 ; s_2 \Downarrow (me_2, ve_2)}$$

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## Expressions

$$\frac{}{me, ve \vdash x \Downarrow ve(x)} \quad \frac{}{me, ve \vdash \text{state}(x) \Downarrow me(x)} \quad \frac{me, ve \vdash e_1 \Downarrow v_1 \quad me, ve \vdash e_2 \Downarrow v_2}{me, ve \vdash e_1 + e_2 \Downarrow [[+]](v_1, v_2)}$$

## Instructions

$$\frac{me, ve \vdash e \Downarrow v}{me, ve \vdash x := e \Downarrow (me, ve\{x \mapsto v\})} \quad \frac{me, ve \vdash e \Downarrow v}{me, ve \vdash \text{state}(x) := e \Downarrow (me\{x \mapsto v\}, ve)}$$

$$\frac{me, ve \vdash s_1 \Downarrow (me_1, ve_1) \quad me_1, ve_1 \vdash s_2 \Downarrow (me_2, ve_2)}{me, ve \vdash s_1 ; s_2 \Downarrow (me_2, ve_2)} \quad \frac{me, ve \vdash e \Downarrow v \quad me[i] \vdash c.f(v) \Downarrow^w me'_i}{me, ve \vdash x := c(i).f(e) \Downarrow (me\{i \mapsto me'_i\}, ve\{x \mapsto w\})}$$



## Expressions

$$\frac{}{me, ve \vdash x \Downarrow ve(x)}$$

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$$\frac{me, ve \vdash e \Downarrow v}{me, ve \vdash x := e \Downarrow (me, ve\{x \mapsto v\})}$$

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## Expressions

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## Expressions

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## Instructions

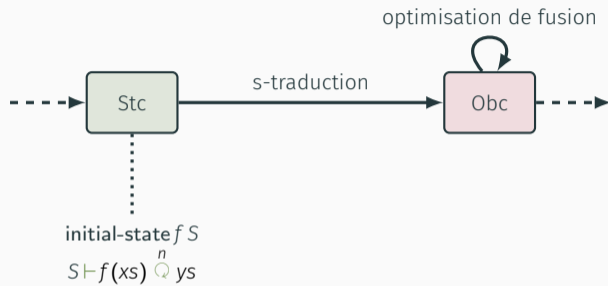
$$\frac{me, ve \vdash e \Downarrow v}{me, ve \vdash x := e \Downarrow (me, ve\{x \mapsto v\})} \quad \frac{me, ve \vdash e \Downarrow v}{me, ve \vdash \text{state}(x) := e \Downarrow (me\{x \mapsto v\}, ve)}$$

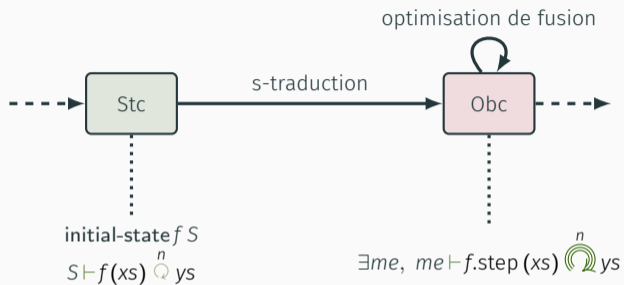
$$\frac{\begin{array}{l} me, ve \vdash s_1 \Downarrow (me_1, ve_1) \\ me_1, ve_1 \vdash s_2 \Downarrow (me_2, ve_2) \end{array}}{me, ve \vdash s_1 ; s_2 \Downarrow (me_2, ve_2)} \quad \frac{me, ve \vdash e \Downarrow v \quad me[i] \vdash c.f(v) \Downarrow^w me'_i}{me, ve \vdash x := c(i).f(e) \Downarrow (me\{i \mapsto me'_i\}, ve\{x \mapsto w\})}$$

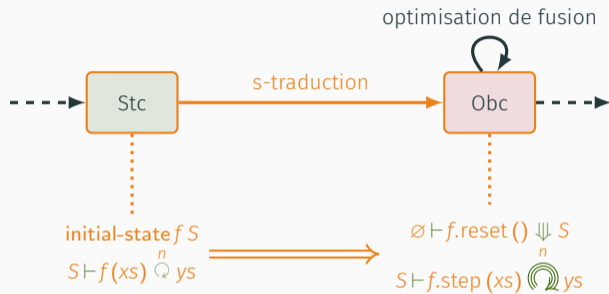


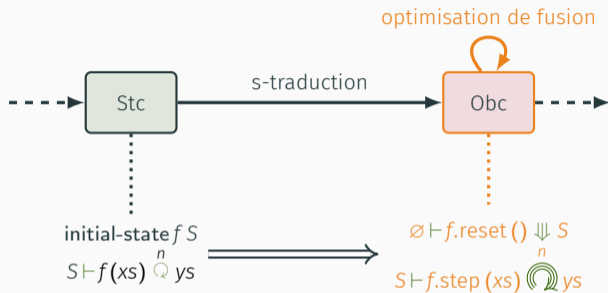
## Exécution en boucle

$$\frac{me \vdash c.f(xs_n) \overset{ys_n}{\Downarrow} me' \quad me' \vdash c.f(xs) \overset{n+1}{\mathcal{Q}} ys}{me \vdash c.f(xs) \overset{n}{\mathcal{Q}} ys}$$









## GENERATION DE CODE CLIGHT

---

## CompCert

Mécanisation en Coq de la syntaxe, de la sémantique et des algorithmes de compilation du langage C.

## Clight

- langage intermédiaire de CompCert
- très proche de C
- opérations de bas niveau (adresses, structures, ...)

```

class ins {
  state k: int, px: double;
  instance xe: euler;

  reset() { state(k) := 0;
           state(px) := 0.;
           euler(xe).reset() }

  step(gps, xv: double)
    returns (x: double, alarm: bool)
    var xe: double
  {
    alarm := state(k) >= 50;
    state(k) := state(k) + 1;
    if alarm { x := state(px) }
    else {
      xe := euler(xe).step(gps, xv);
      x := xe };
    state(px) := x
  }
}

```

```

struct ins {
  int k;
  double px;
  struct euler xe;
};

void fun$ins$reset(struct ins *self) {
  self->k = 0;
  self->px = 0;
  fun$euler$reset(&(self->xe));
  return;
}

```



```

class ins {
  state k: int, px: double;
  instance xe: euler;

  reset() { state(k) := 0;
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      x := xe };
    state(px) := x
  }
}

```

```

struct fun$ins$step {
  double x;
  bool alarm;
};

void fun$ins$step(struct ins *self,
                  struct fun$ins$step *out,
                  double gps, double xv) {
  register double step$x;
  register double xe;
  out->alarm = self->k >= 50;
  self->k = self->k + 1;
  if (out->alarm) { out->x = self->px; }
  else {
    step$x = fun$euler$step(&(self->xe), gps, xv);
    xe = step$x;
    out->x = xe;
  }
  self->px = out->x;
  return;
}

```

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    step$x = fun$euler$step(&(self->xe), gps, xv);
    xe = step$x;
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```

## BOUCLE PRINCIPALE

```
struct nav {
    bool c;
    bool r;
    struct ins insr;
};

struct fun$nav$step {
    double x;
    bool alarm;
};

struct nav self$;
double volatile gps$;
double volatile xv$;
bool volatile s$;
double volatile x$;
bool volatile alarm$;
```

```
int main(void) {
    struct fun$nav$step out$step;
    register double gps;
    register double xv;
    register bool s;

    fun$nav$reset(&self$);

    while (true) {
        gps = volatile_load(&gps$);
        xv = volatile_load(&xv$);
        s = volatile_load(&s$);

        fun$nav$step(&self$, &out$step, gps, xv, s);

        volatile_store(&x$, out$step.x);
        volatile_store(&alarm$, out$step.alarm);
    }
}
```

# BOUCLE PRINCIPALE

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    bool c;  
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        volatile_store(&x$, out$step.x);
        volatile_store(&alarm$, out$step.alarm);
    }
}
```

- modèle mémoire : blocs contigus
- variables et registres
- état sémantique  $(E, L, M)$ 
  - $E$  environnement de variables : identifiants vers adresses mémoire
  - $L$  environnement de registres : identifiants vers valeurs
  - $M$  mémoire : adresses vers octets

### Conséquences du modèle mémoire de CompCert

- *aliasing*
- alignement
- permissions
- tailles de types

### Manipulation de structures et de pointeurs



### Conséquences du modèle mémoire de CompCert

- *aliasing*
- alignement
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- tailles de types

### Manipulation de structures et de pointeurs

**Solution :** utiliser des assertions de Logique de Séparation

Une extension de la logique de Hoare pour raisonner sur des programmes qui manipulent des structures et des pointeurs.

# LOGIQUE DE SÉPARATION

Une extension de la logique de Hoare pour raisonner sur des programmes qui manipulent des structures et des pointeurs.

Le prédicat  $M \vDash P * Q$  stipule que  $M$  peut être partitionnée en deux zones distinctes sur lesquelles  $P$  et  $Q$  sont vraies respectivement.

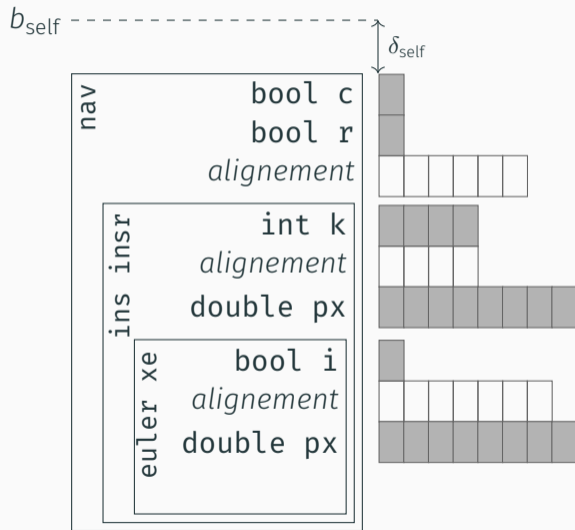
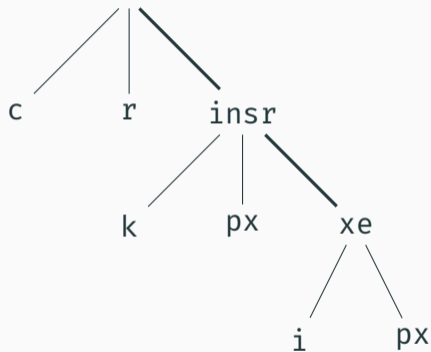
# LOGIQUE DE SÉPARATION

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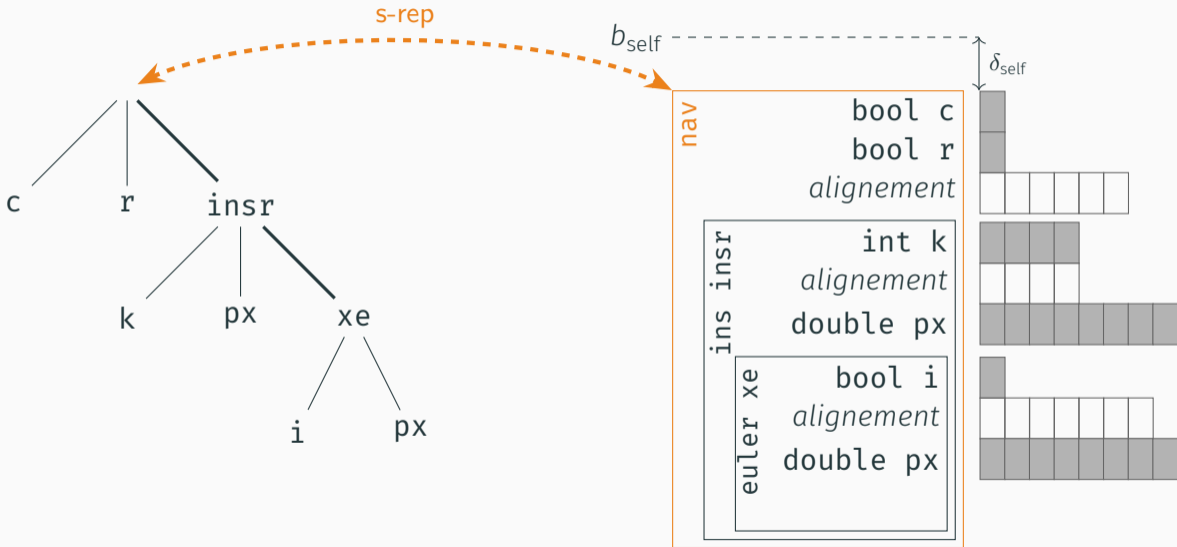
Le prédicat  $M \vDash P * Q$  stipule que  $M$  peut être partitionnée en deux zones distinctes sur lesquelles  $P$  et  $Q$  sont vraies respectivement.

CompCert utilise déjà une librairie légère de Logique de Séparation pour l'une de ses passes.

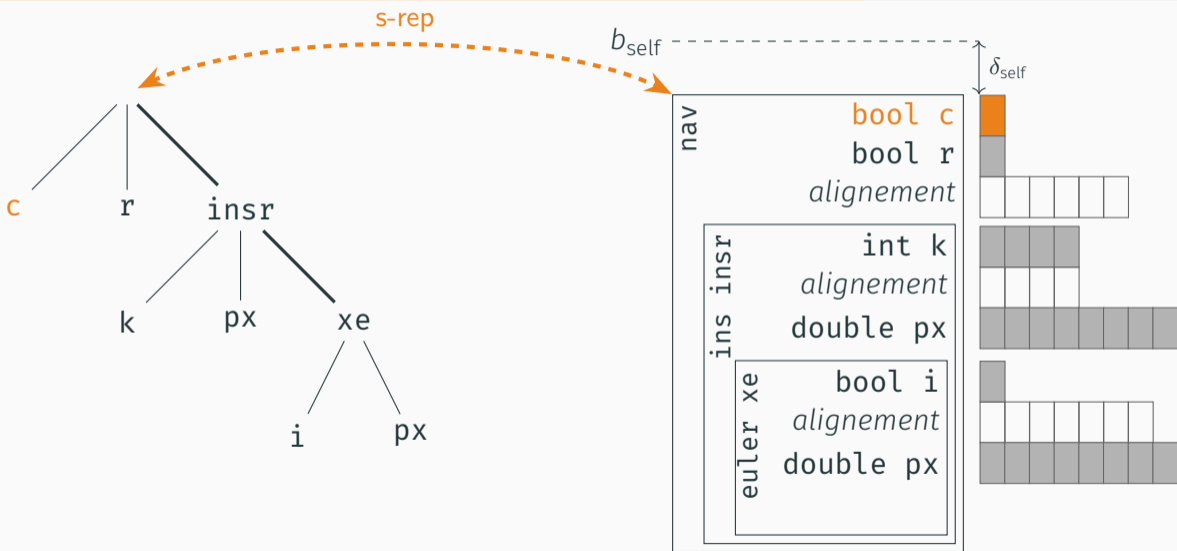
# PRÉDICAT DE CORRESPONDANCE D'ÉTAT



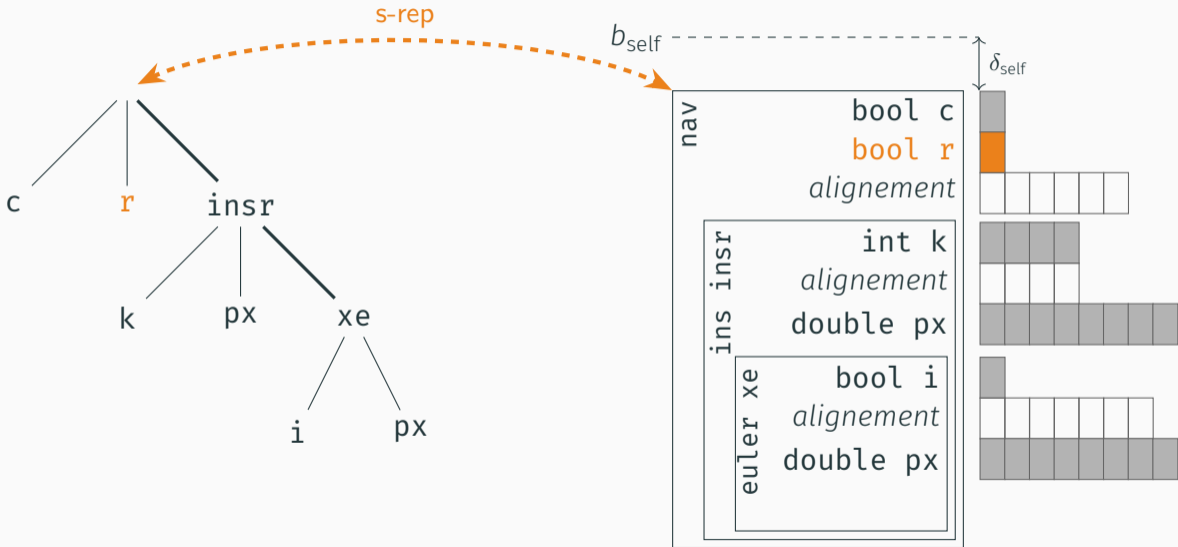
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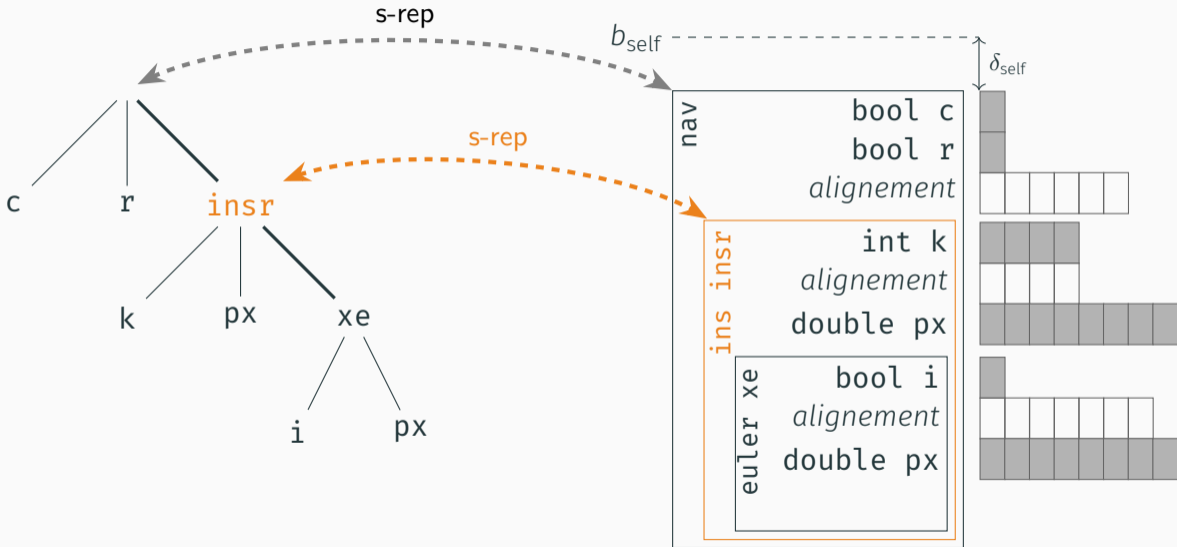


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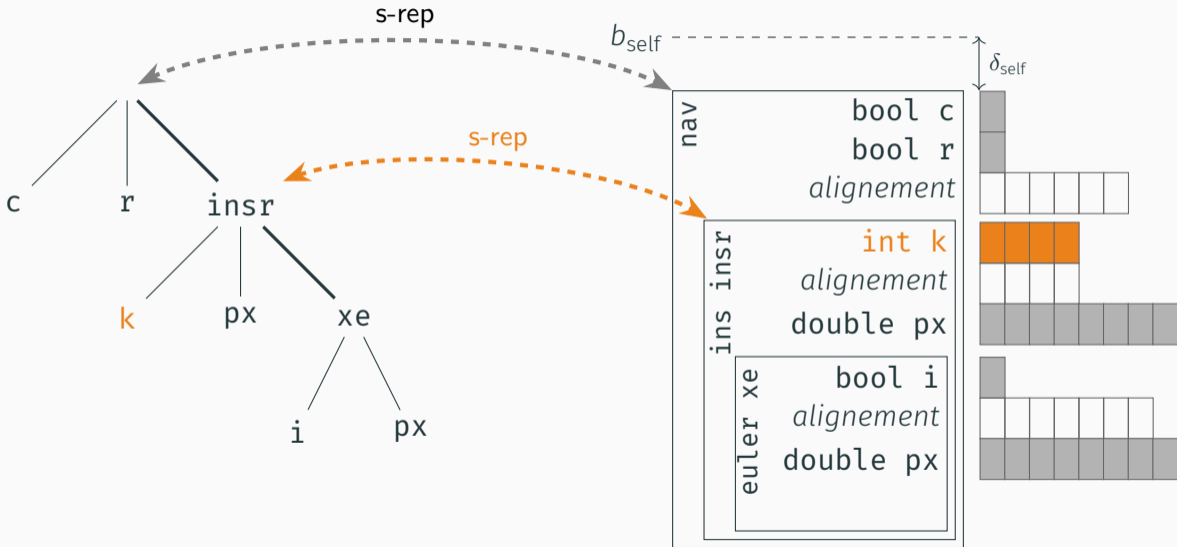




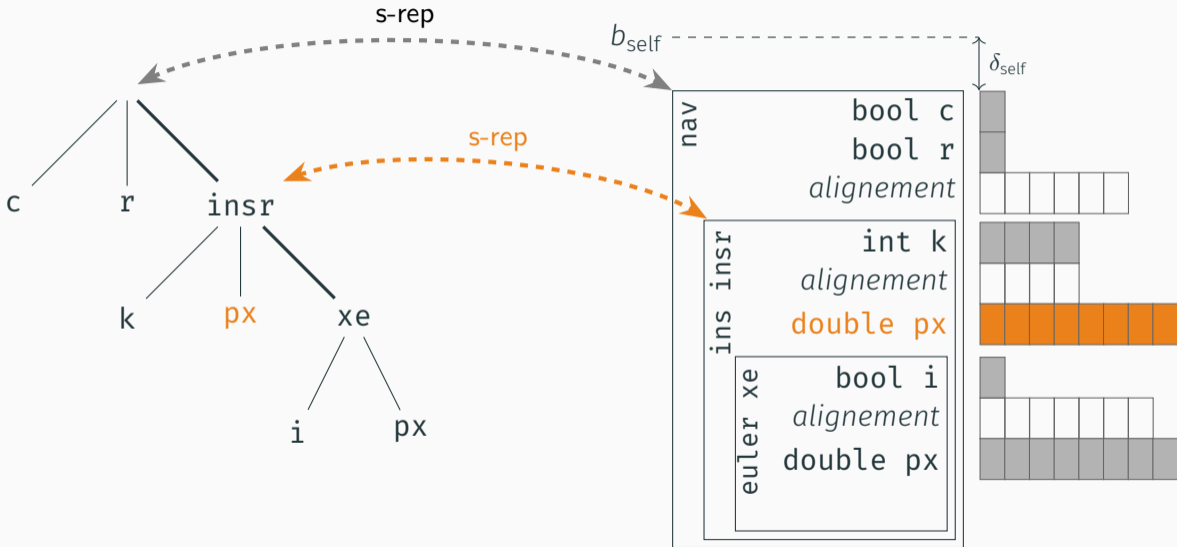
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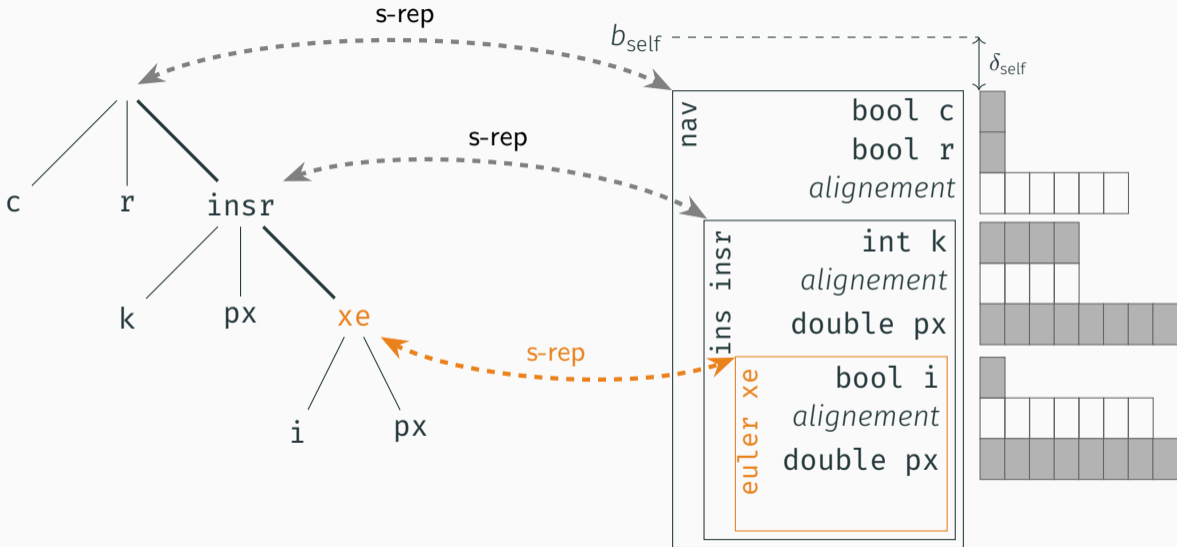
# PRÉDICAT DE CORRESPONDANCE D'ÉTAT



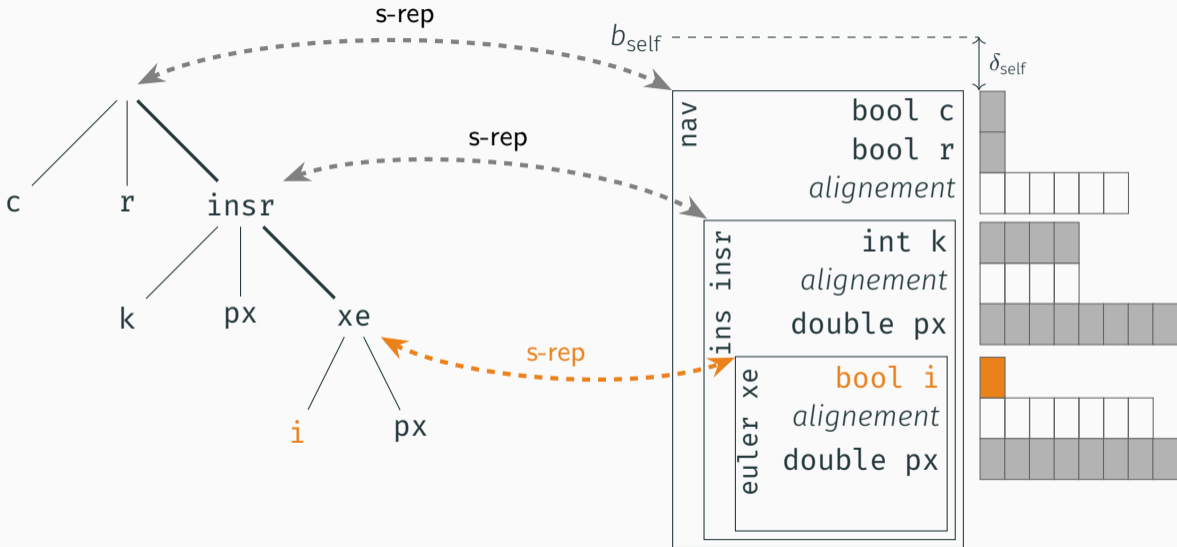
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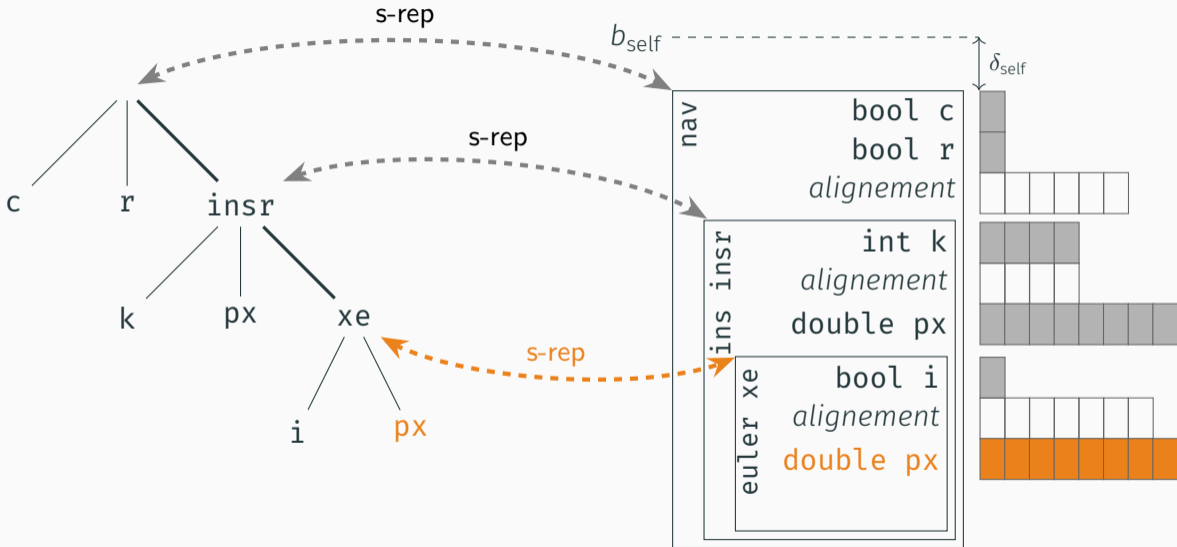
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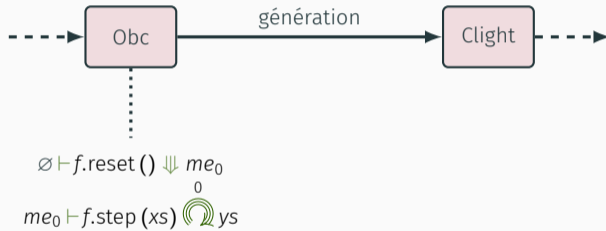


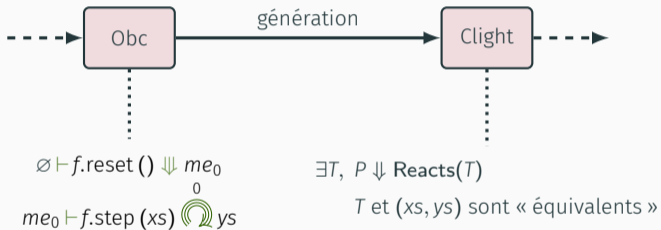
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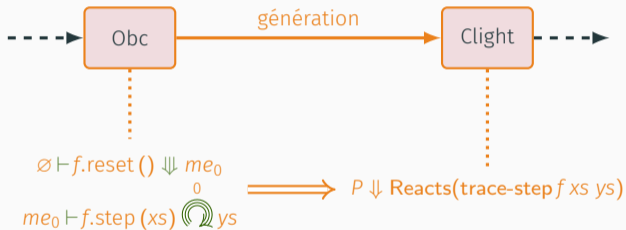
# PRÉDICAT DE CORRESPONDANCE D'ÉTAT











## CORRECTION DE VÉLUS

---

## Théorème (correction de Vélus)

Soient une liste de déclarations  $D$ , un nom  $f$ , deux listes de flots de valeurs  $\mathbf{xs}$  et  $\mathbf{ys}$ , un programme NLustre  $G$  et un programme Assembleur  $P$  tels que  $\text{compile } D \ f = \text{OK } (G, P)$  et  $G \vdash f(\mathbf{xs}) \Downarrow \mathbf{ys}$ , alors, il existe une trace infinie d'événements  $T$  telle que

$$P \Downarrow_{ASM} \text{Reacts}(T) \quad \text{et} \quad \text{bisim-IO}^G \ f \ \mathbf{xs} \ \mathbf{ys} \ T$$

## Théorème (correction de Vélus)

Soient une liste de déclarations  $D$ , un nom  $f$ , deux listes de flots de valeurs  $\mathbf{x}s$  et  $\mathbf{y}s$ , un programme NLustre  $G$  et un programme Assembleur  $P$  tels que  $\text{compile } D \ f = \text{OK } (G, P)$  et  $G \vdash f(\mathbf{x}s) \Downarrow \mathbf{y}s$ , alors, il existe une trace infinie d'événements  $T$  telle que

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Soient une liste de déclarations  $D$ , un nom  $f$ , deux listes de flots de valeurs  $\mathbf{xs}$  et  $\mathbf{ys}$ , un programme NLustre  $G$  et un programme Assembleur  $P$  tels que  $\text{compile } D \ f = \text{OK } (G, P)$  et  $G \vdash f(\mathbf{xs}) \Downarrow \mathbf{ys}$ , alors, il existe une trace infinie d'événements  $T$  telle que

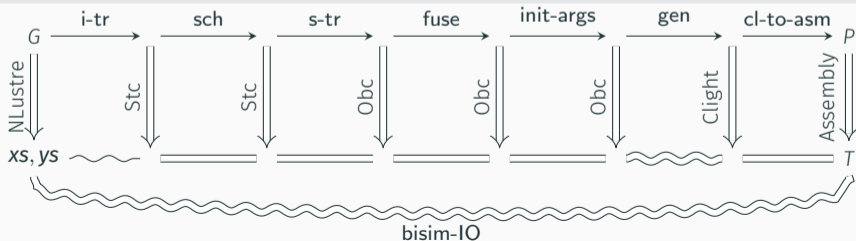
$$P \Downarrow_{\text{ASM}} \text{Reacts}(T) \quad \text{et} \quad \text{bisim-IO}^G \ f \ \mathbf{xs} \ \mathbf{ys} \ T$$

# THÉORÈME FINAL

## Théorème (correction de Vélus)

Soient une liste de déclarations  $D$ , un nom  $f$ , deux listes de flots de valeurs  $xs$  et  $ys$ , un programme NLustre  $G$  et un programme Assembleur  $P$  tels que  $\text{compile } D \ f = \text{OK } (G, P)$  et  $G \vdash f(xs) \Downarrow ys$ , alors, il existe une trace infinie d'événements  $T$  telle que

$$P \Downarrow_{ASM} \text{Reacts}(T) \quad \text{et} \quad \text{bisim-IO}^G f \ xs \ ys \ T$$





## Résumé

- Un compilateur vérifié Lustre vers Assembleur
- Une seule règle sémantique pour le *reset*
- Un langage de systèmes de transitions intermédiaire : Stc



[velus.inria.fr](http://velus.inria.fr)  
[github.com/INRIA/velus](https://github.com/INRIA/velus)

## Futur

- Normalisation (fait!)
- Machines à états (en cours!)
- *Raffinement*
- Optimisations

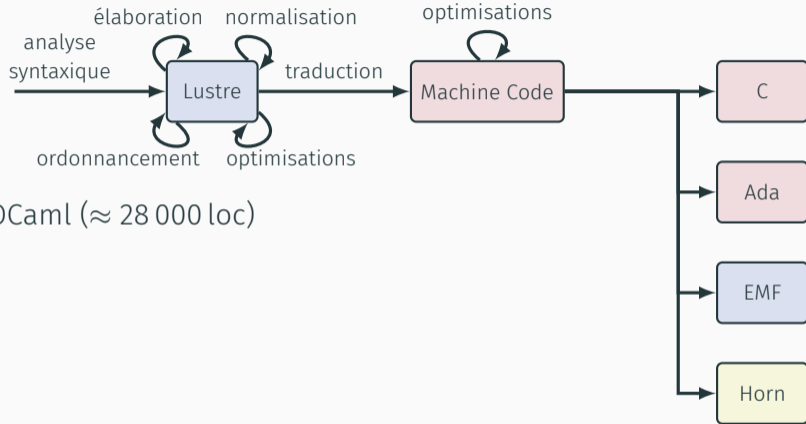
## Perspectives et discussion

- 42 000 loc et 3% de code fonctionnel
- Extensibilité
- Maintenance
- Axiomes
- Applicabilité industrielle

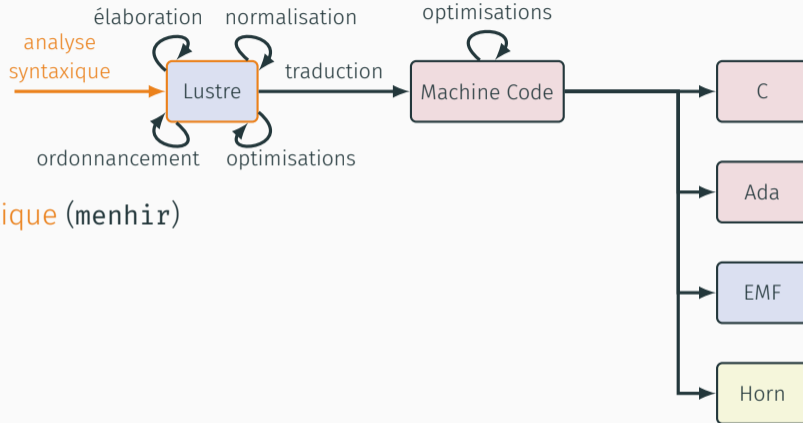
## LUSTREC ET COMPILATION CERTIFIANTE

---

# LUSTREC : UN COMPILATEUR LUSTRE

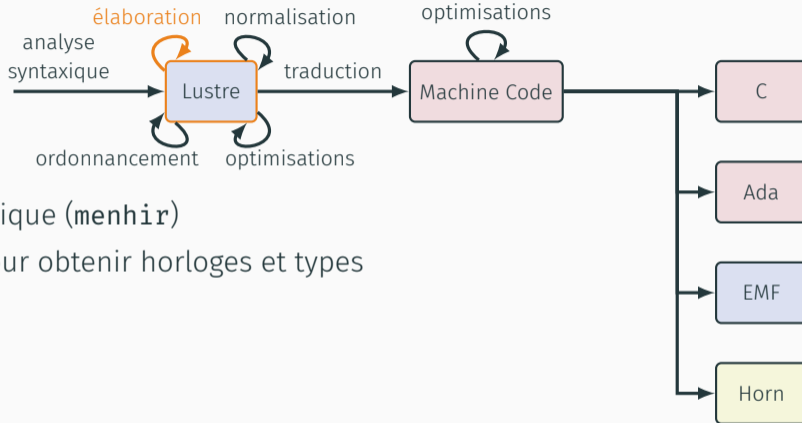


Implémenté en OCaml ( $\approx 28\,000$  loc)



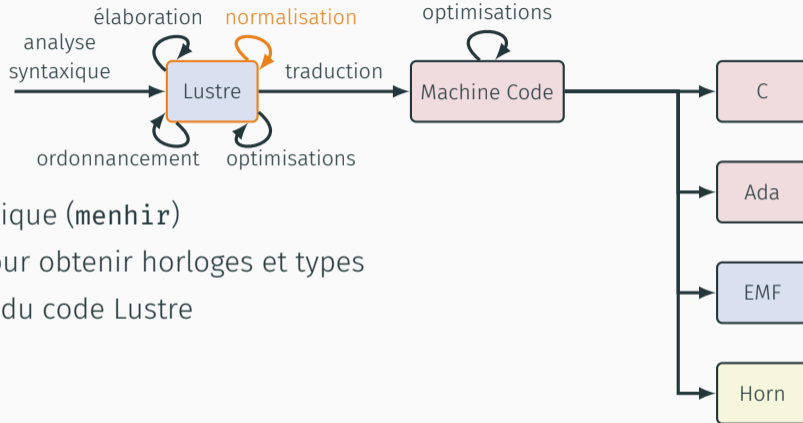
- analyse syntaxique (menhir)

# LUSTREC : UN COMPILATEUR LUSTRE



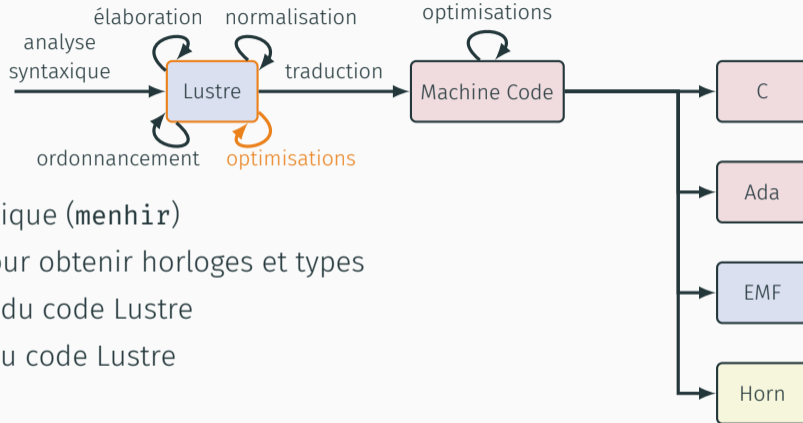
- analyse syntaxique (`menhir`)
- **élaboration** pour obtenir horloges et types

# LUSTREC : UN COMPILATEUR LUSTRE



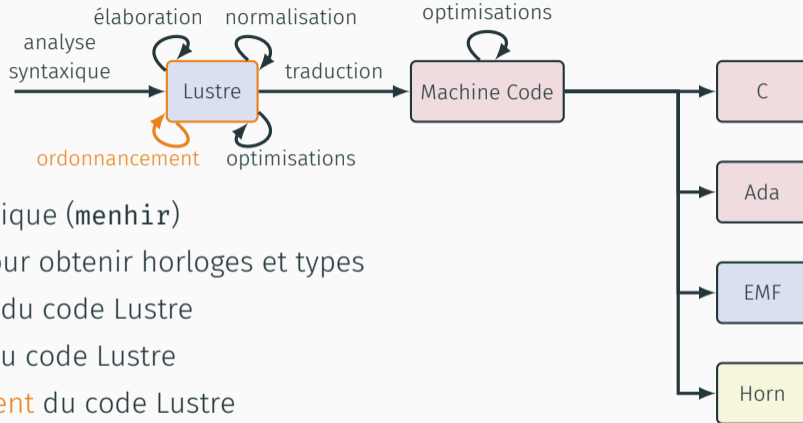
- analyse syntaxique (**menhir**)
- élaboration pour obtenir horloges et types
- **normalisation** du code Lustre

# LUSTREC : UN COMPILATEUR LUSTRE



- analyse syntaxique (**menhir**)
- élaboration pour obtenir horloges et types
- normalisation du code Lustre
- **optimisation** du code Lustre

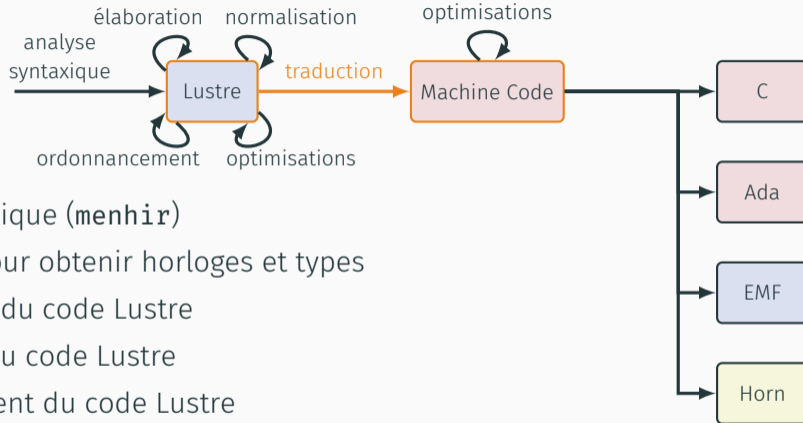
# LUSTREC : UN COMPILATEUR LUSTRE



- analyse syntaxique (**menhir**)
- élaboration pour obtenir horloges et types
- normalisation du code Lustre
- optimisation du code Lustre
- **ordonnancement** du code Lustre

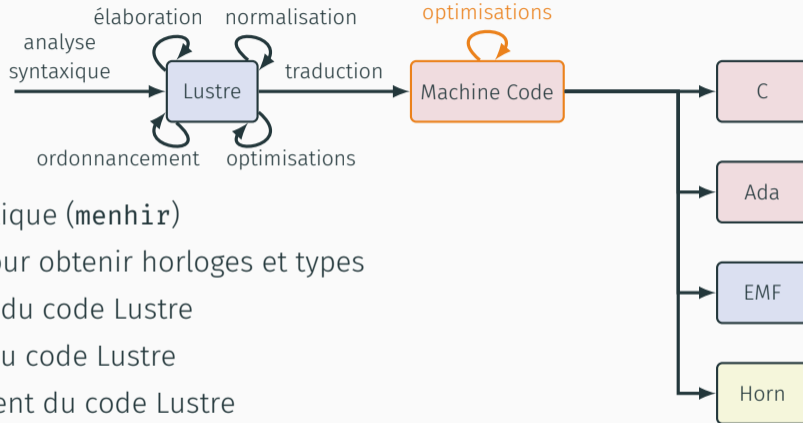


# LUSTREC : UN COMPILATEUR LUSTRE



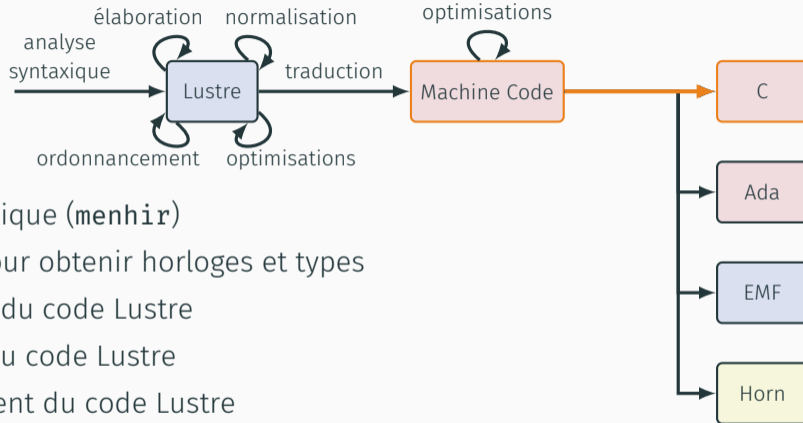
- analyse syntaxique (**menhir**)
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- optimisation du code Lustre
- ordonnancement du code Lustre
- **traduction** vers le Machine Code

# LUSTREC : UN COMPILATEUR LUSTRE



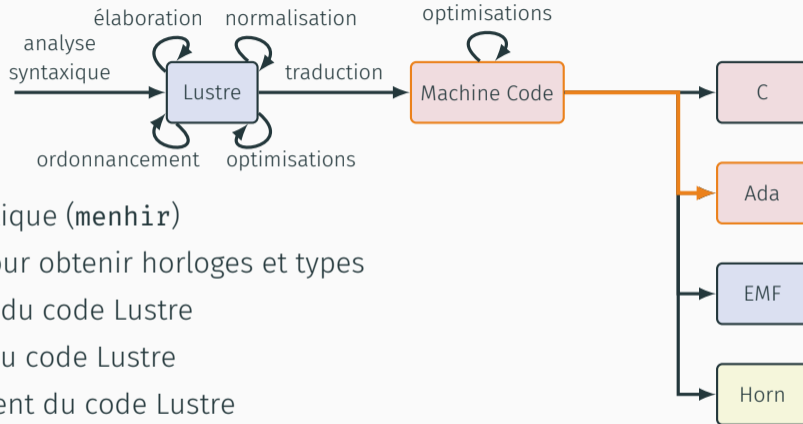
- analyse syntaxique (**menhir**)
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- **optimisations** du Machine Code

# LUSTREC : UN COMPILATEUR LUSTRE



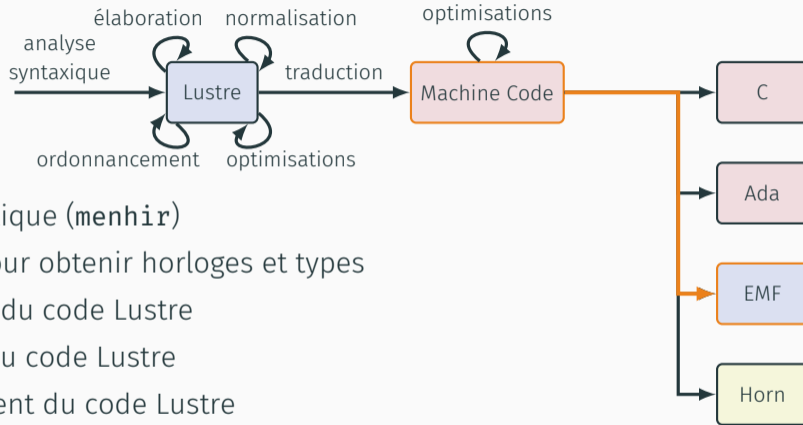
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- **génération** de code

# LUSTREC : UN COMPILATEUR LUSTRE



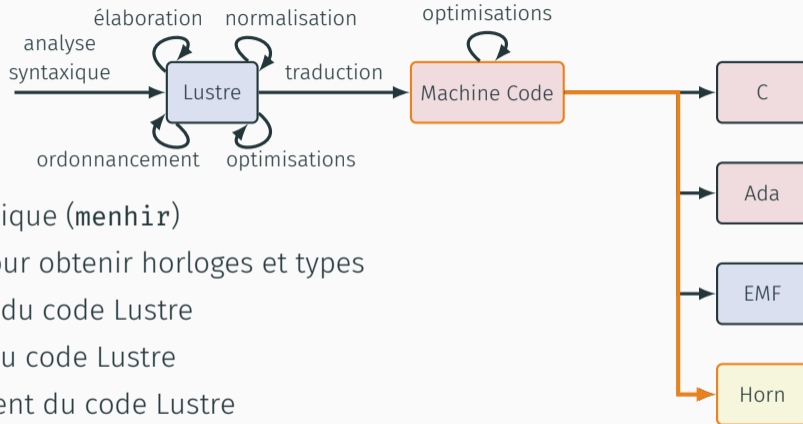
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- **génération** de code

# OBJECTIF : COMPILATEUR CERTIFIANT

- Génération de spécification ACSL
- Encodage du résultat de correction
- À terme : transport automatique de spécification haut niveau

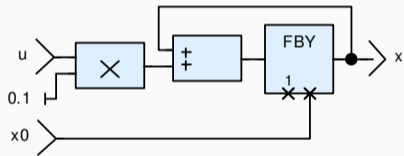


Software Analyzers

- Approche plus souple
- Autres *backends* envisageables (ex. SPARK / Ada)
- Incomparables en termes de fonctionnalités (2K loc vs 28K loc)
- SCADE vs Simulink
- Transport de spécifications et vérification



## EXAMPLE



```
node euler(x0, u: double)
  returns (x: double);
let
  x = x0 fby (x + 0.1 * u);
tel
```

## EXAMPLE

```
struct euler {  
    bool i;  
    double px;  
};
```

```
struct _arrow_mem {  
    struct _arrow_reg { _Bool _first; } _reg;  
};  
  
void _arrow_reset(struct _arrow_mem *self) {  
    self->_reg._first = true;  
    return;  
}  
  
_Bool _arrow_step(struct _arrow_mem *self) {  
    if (self->_reg._first) {  
        self->_reg._first = 0;  
        return 1;  
    }  
    return 0;  
}
```

```
struct euler {  
    bool i;  
    double px;  
};
```

```
struct euler_mem {  
    _Bool euler_reset;  
    struct euler_reg {double __euler_2;} _reg;  
    struct _arrow_mem *ni_9;  
};
```

## EXAMPLE

```
void fun$euler$reset(struct euler *self) {  
    self->i = true;  
    self->px = 0;  
    return;  
}
```

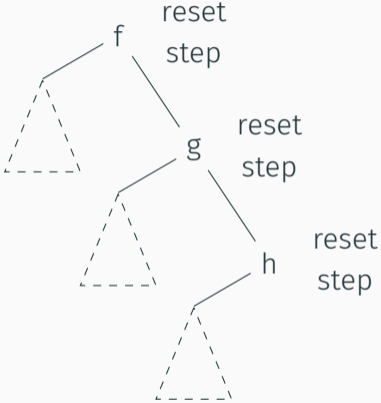
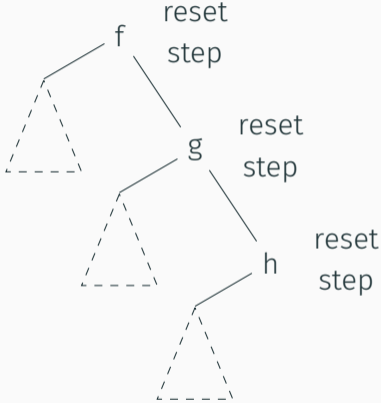
```
void euler_set_reset(struct euler_mem *self) {  
    self->euler_reset = 1;  
    return;  
}  
  
void euler_clear_reset(struct euler_mem *self) {  
    if (self->euler_reset) {  
        self->euler_reset = 0;  
        _arrow_reset(self->ni_9);  
    }  
    return;  
}
```

## EXAMPLE

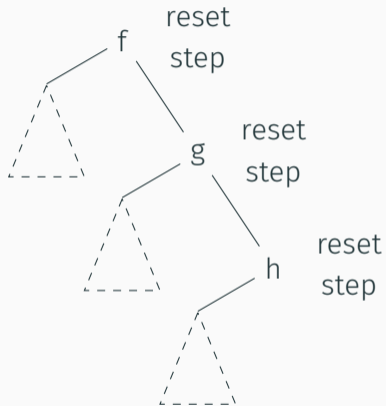
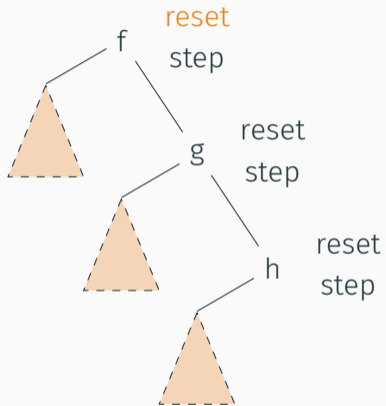
```
double fun$euler$step(struct euler *self,
                    double x0, double u) {
    register double x;
    if (self->i) {
        x = x0;
    } else {
        x = self->px;
    }
    self->i = false;
    self->px = x + 0.10000000000000000006 * u;
    return x;
}

void euler_step(double x0, double u,
               double (*x),
               struct euler_mem *self) {
    _Bool __euler_1;
    euler_clear_reset(self);
    __euler_1 = _arrow_step(self->ni_9);
    if (__euler_1) {
        *x = x0;
    } else {
        *x = self->_reg.__euler_2;
    }
    self->_reg.__euler_2 = (*x + (0.1 * u));
    return;
}
```

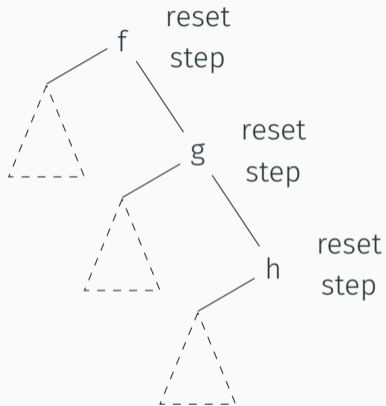
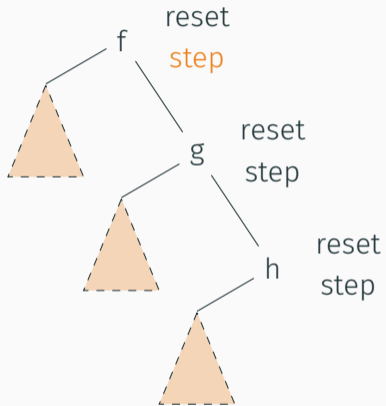
# COMPILATION DU RESET



# COMPILATION DU RESET

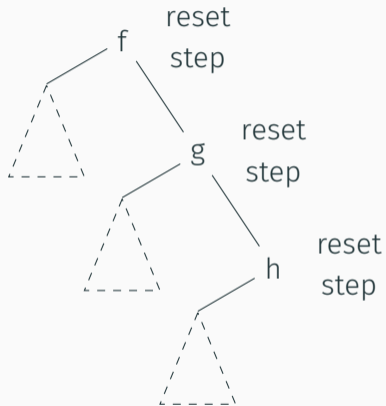
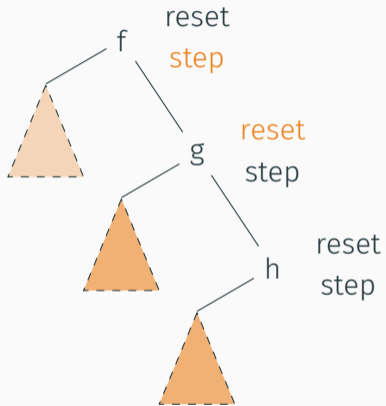


# COMPILATION DU RESET

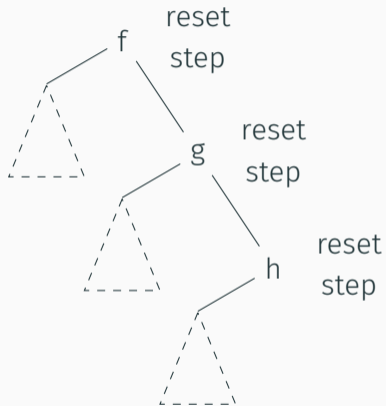
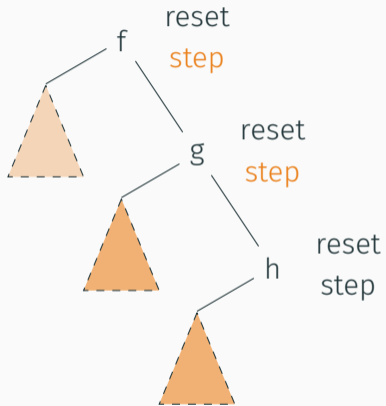




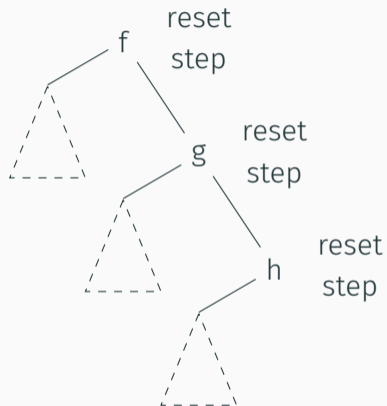
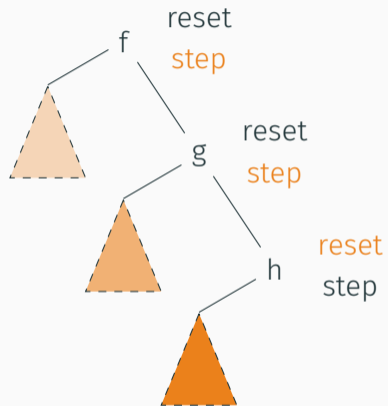
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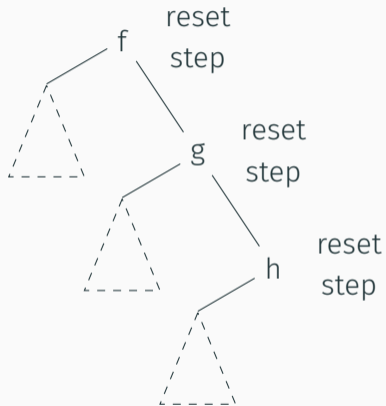
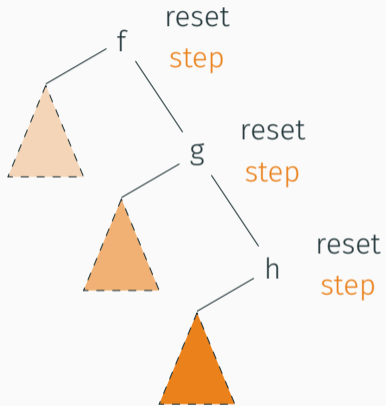
# COMPILATION DU RESET



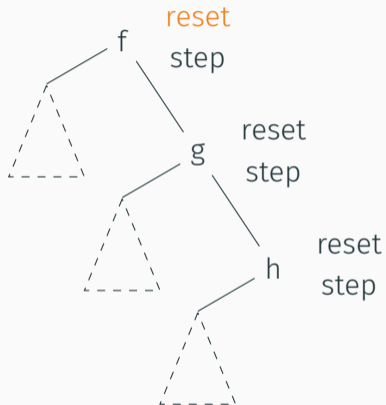
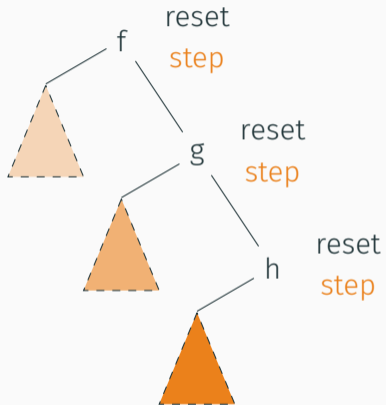
# COMPILATION DU RESET



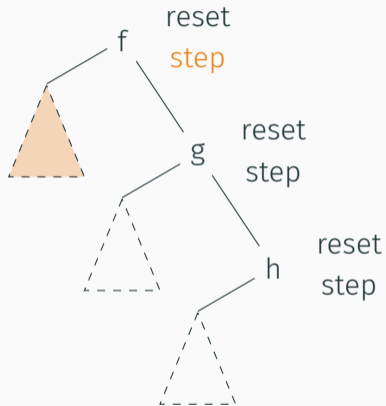
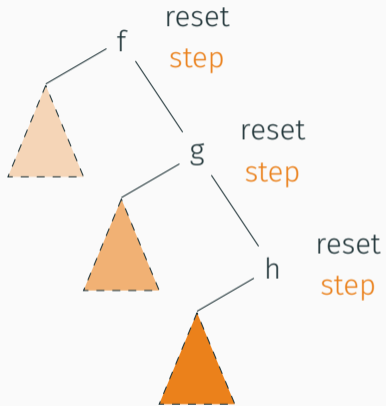
# COMPILATION DU RESET



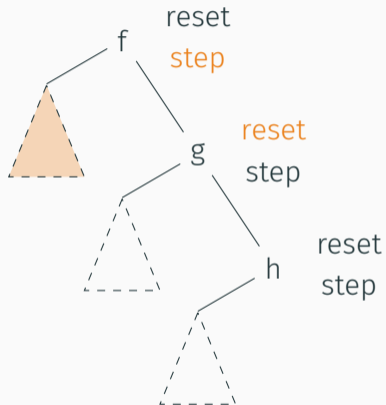
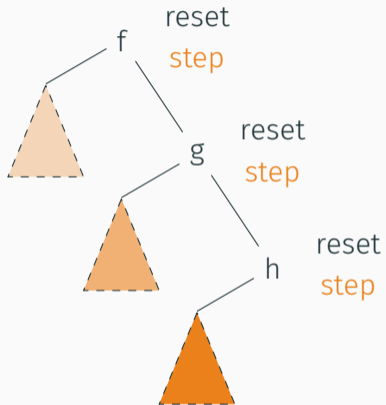
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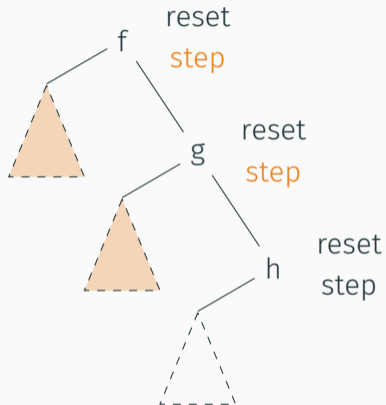
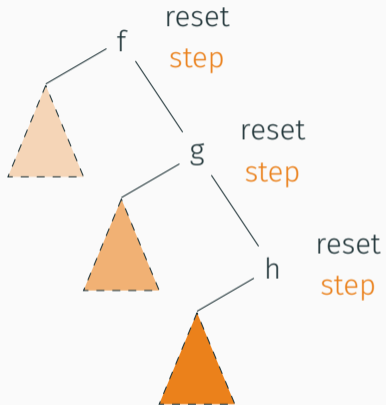
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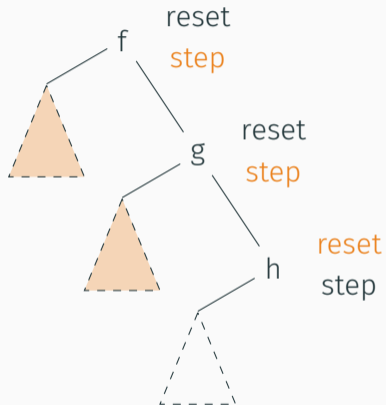
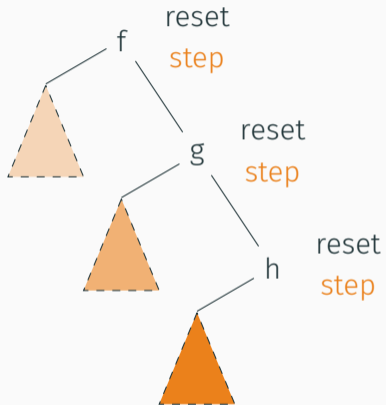


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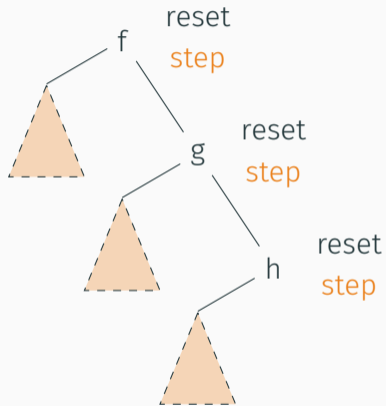
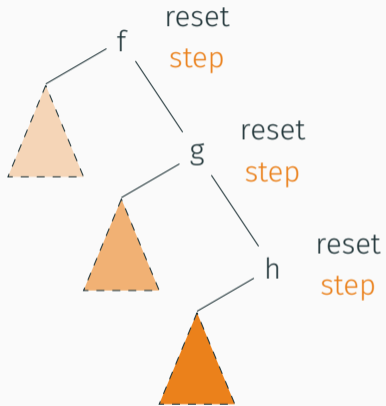




# COMPILATION DU RESET



# COMPILATION DU RESET



## Prédicats ACSL

- correspondance d'état (mémoire fantôme, principe de **s-rep**)
- relations de transition

## EXEMPLE AVEC SPÉCIFICATION

```
/*@ requires \separated(self, mem, self->ni_9, x);
   requires euler_ghost(*mem, self);
   ensures euler_ghost(*mem, self);
   ensures euler_transition(\old(*mem), x0, u, *mem, *x);
   assigns *x;
   assigns self->_reg.__euler_2;
   assigns self->ni_9->_reg._first;
   assigns self->euler_reset;
   assigns mem->_reg.__euler_2;
   assigns mem->ni_9._reg._first;
   assigns mem->euler_reset;
*/
void euler_step(double x0, double u,
               double (*x),
               struct euler_mem *self)
  /*@ ghost (struct euler_mem_ghost \ghost *mem) */ {
```

## EXEMPLE AVEC SPÉCIFICATION

```
_Bool __euler_1;
euler_clear_reset(self) /*@ ghost (mem) */;
/*@ assert euler_ghost0(*mem, self);
/*@ assert euler_transition0(*mem, x0, u, *mem);
Reset:

__euler_1 = _arrow_step(self->ni_9) /*@ ghost (&mem->ni_9) */;
/*@ assert euler_ghost1(*mem, self);
/*@ assert euler_transition1(\at(*mem, Reset), x0, u, __euler_1, *mem);

if (__euler_1) {
    *x = x0;
} else {
    *x = self->_reg.__euler_2;
}
/*@ assert euler_ghost2(*mem, self);
/*@ assert euler_transition2(\at(*mem, Reset), x0, u, *mem, *x);

self->_reg.__euler_2 = (*x + (0.1 * u));
/*@ ghost mem->_reg.__euler_2 = (*x + (0.1 * u));
/*@ assert euler_ghost3(*mem, self);
/*@ assert euler_transition3(\at(*mem, Reset), x0, u, *mem, *x);

return;
}
```

## EXEMPLE AVEC SPÉCIFICATION

```
/*@ ghost struct euler_mem_ghost {
    _Bool euler_reset;
    struct euler_reg _reg;
    struct _arrow_mem_ghost ni_9;
};
*/
/*@ predicate euler_ghost0(struct euler_mem_ghost mem, struct euler_mem *self) =
    mem.euler_reset == self->euler_reset && mem.euler_reset == \false;
*/
/*@ predicate euler_ghost1(struct euler_mem_ghost mem, struct euler_mem *self) =
    euler_ghost0(mem, self)
    && _arrow_ghost(mem.ni_9, self->ni_9);
*/
/*@ predicate euler_ghost2(struct euler_mem_ghost mem, struct euler_mem *self) =
    euler_ghost1(mem, self);
*/
/*@ predicate euler_ghost3(struct euler_mem_ghost mem, struct euler_mem *self) =
    euler_ghost2(mem, self)
    && (!_arrow_initialization(mem.ni_9) ==> mem._reg.__euler_2 == self->_reg.__euler_2);
*/
/*@ predicate euler_ghost(struct euler_mem_ghost mem, struct euler_mem *self) =
    mem.euler_reset ? (mem.euler_reset == self->euler_reset) : (euler_ghost3(mem, self));
*/
```

## EXEMPLE AVEC SPÉCIFICATION

```
/*@ predicate euler_transition0(struct euler_mem_ghost mem_in,
                               double x0, double u,
                               struct euler_mem_ghost mem_out) =
    \true;
*/
/*@ predicate euler_transition1(struct euler_mem_ghost mem_in,
                                double x0, double u, _Bool __euler_1,
                                struct euler_mem_ghost mem_out) =
    euler_transition0(mem_in, x0, u, mem_out)
    && _arrow_transition(mem_in.ni_9, mem_out.ni_9, __euler_1);
*/
/*@ predicate euler_transition2(struct euler_mem_ghost mem_in,
                                double x0, double u,
                                struct euler_mem_ghost mem_out, double x) =
    \exists _Bool __euler_1;
    euler_transition1(mem_in, x0, u, __euler_1, mem_out)
    && (__euler_1 ? (x == x0) : (x == mem_in.reg.__euler_2));
*/
/*@ predicate euler_transition3(struct euler_mem_ghost mem_in,
                                double x0, double u,
                                struct euler_mem_ghost mem_out, double x) =
    euler_transition2(mem_in, x0, u, mem_out, x)
    && mem_out.reg.__euler_2 == (x + 0.1 * u);
*/
/*@ predicate euler_transition(struct euler_mem_ghost mem_in,
                                double x0, double u,
                                struct euler_mem_ghost mem_out, double x) =
    \exists struct euler_mem_ghost mem_reset;
    euler_reset_cleared(mem_in, mem_reset)
    && euler_transition3(mem_reset, x0, u, mem_out, x);
*/
```

File Project Analyses Help



Name

- nav\_manual.c
  - \_arrow\_ghost
  - \_arrow\_initialization
  - \_arrow\_step
  - \_arrow\_transition
  - euler\_clear\_reset
  - euler\_ghost
  - euler\_ghost0
  - euler\_ghost1
  - euler\_ghost2
  - euler\_ghost3
  - euler\_initialization
  - euler\_reset\_cleared
  - euler\_reset\_set
  - euler\_set\_reset
  - euler\_step**

WP

10 timeout

4 process

Model... Provers... Update

Occurrence

Current var: None

Enable

Follow focus

Read  Write

Metrics

Launch

Impact

Enable

Slicing after impact

Follow focus

Slicing

Enable 1 Verbosity

Libraries 2 Level

Eva

```

/*@ requires \separated(self, mem, self->n1_9, x);
   requires euler_ghost(*mem, self);
   ensures euler_ghost(*\old(mem), \old(self));
   @ensures
   euler_transition(\old(*mem), \old(x0), \old(u), *\old(mem), *\old(x));
   assigns *x, self->reg__euler_2, (self->n1_9)->reg__first,
   self->euler_reset, mem->reg__euler_2, mem->n1_9_reg__first,
   mem->euler_reset;

*/
void euler_step(double x0, double u, double *x, struct euler_mem *self)
  /*@ ghost (struct euler_mem_ghost \ghost *mem) */
{
  Bool euler_1;
  euler_clear_reset(self) /*@ ghost (mem) */;
  /*@ assert euler_ghost0(*mem, self); */;
  /*@ assert euler_transition0(*mem, x0, u, *mem); */;
  Reset: __euler_1 = _arrow_step(self->n1_9) /*@ ghost (& mem->n1_9) */;
  /*@ assert euler_ghost1(*mem, self); */;
  /*@ assert euler_transition1(\at(*mem,Reset), x0, u, __euler_1, *mem); */;
  if ( __euler_1 ) {
    *x = x0;
  }
  else {
    *x = self->reg__euler_2;
  }
  /*@ assert euler_ghost2(*mem, self); */;
  /*@ assert euler_transition2(\at(*mem,Reset), x0, u, *mem, *x); */;
}

```

Information Messages (3) Console Properties Values Red Alarms WP Goals

Module	Goal	Model	Qed	Script	Alt-Ergo 2.3.1	Z3 4.8.6
euler_set_reset	Assigns ...	Typed (Real)	●	-		
euler_step	Post-condition	Typed (Real)	-	-	●	●
<b>euler_step</b>	<b>Post-condition</b>	<b>Typed (Real)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>●</b>	<b>●</b>
euler_step	Assertion	Typed (Real)	-	-	●	●
euler_step	Assertion	Typed (Real)	-	-	●	●
euler_step	Assertion	Typed (Real)	-	-	●	●
euler_step	Assertion	Typed (Real)	-	-	●	●
euler_step	Assertion	Typed (Real)	-	-	●	●
euler_step	Assertion	Typed (Real)	-	-	●	●
euler_step	Assertion	Typed (Real)	-	-	●	●
euler_step	Assertion	Typed (Real)	-	-	●	●
euler_step	Assigns ... (exit)	Typed (Real)	●	-		



## Résumé

- Un compilateur certifiant Lustre vers C / Frama-C
- Une compilation différente du *reset*
- Un raisonnement basé sur des simulations

## Futur

- Prototype
- *reset* monolithique ?
- Optimisations
- Réels
- SPARK / Ada
- Transport de spécifications
- Comparaison avec la sortie SMT

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